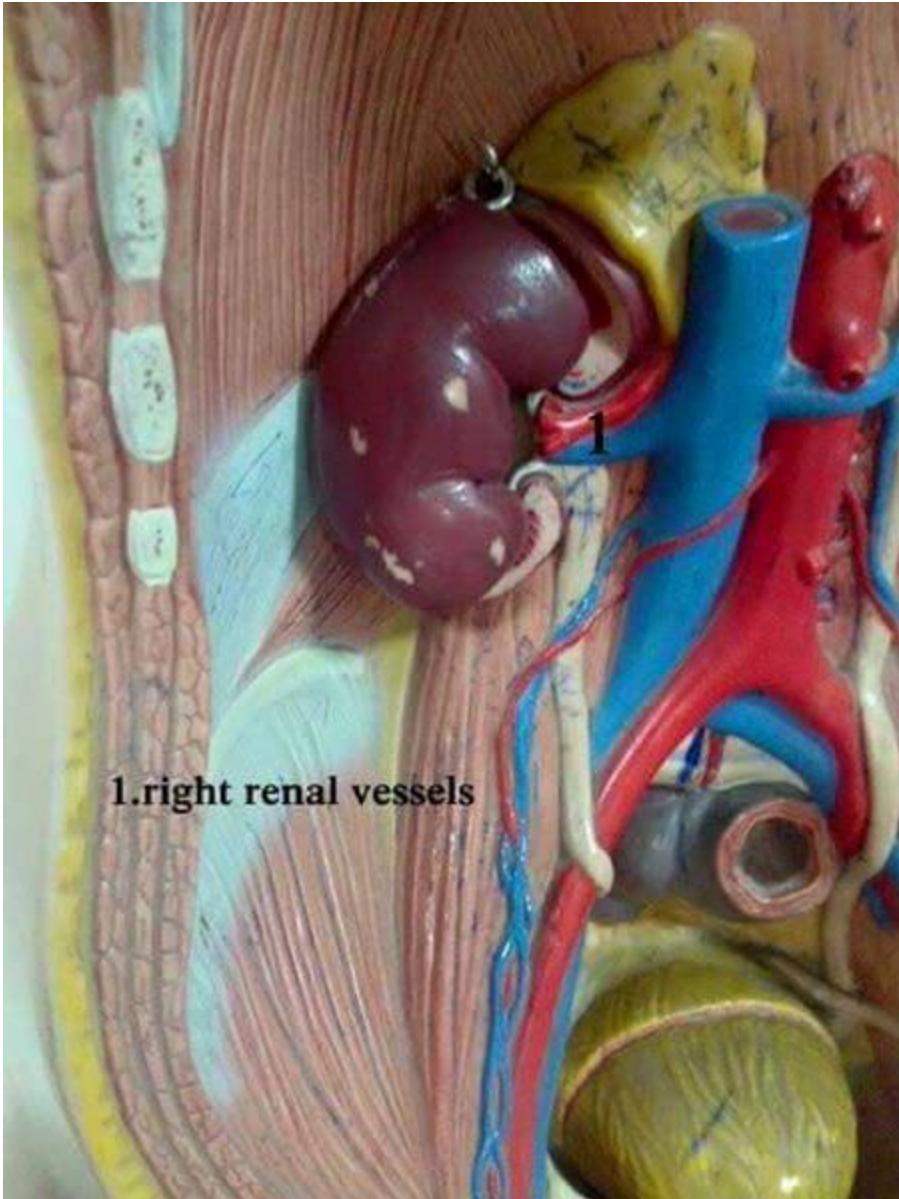
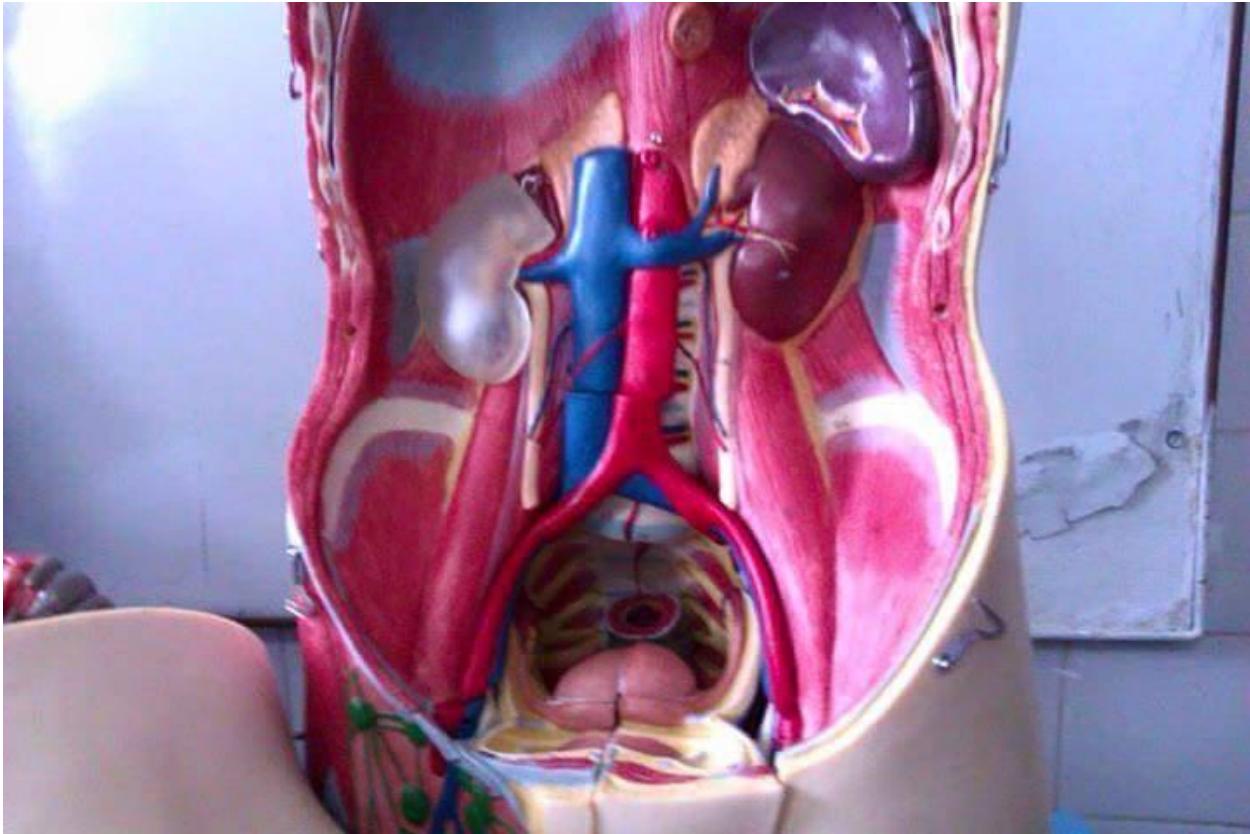
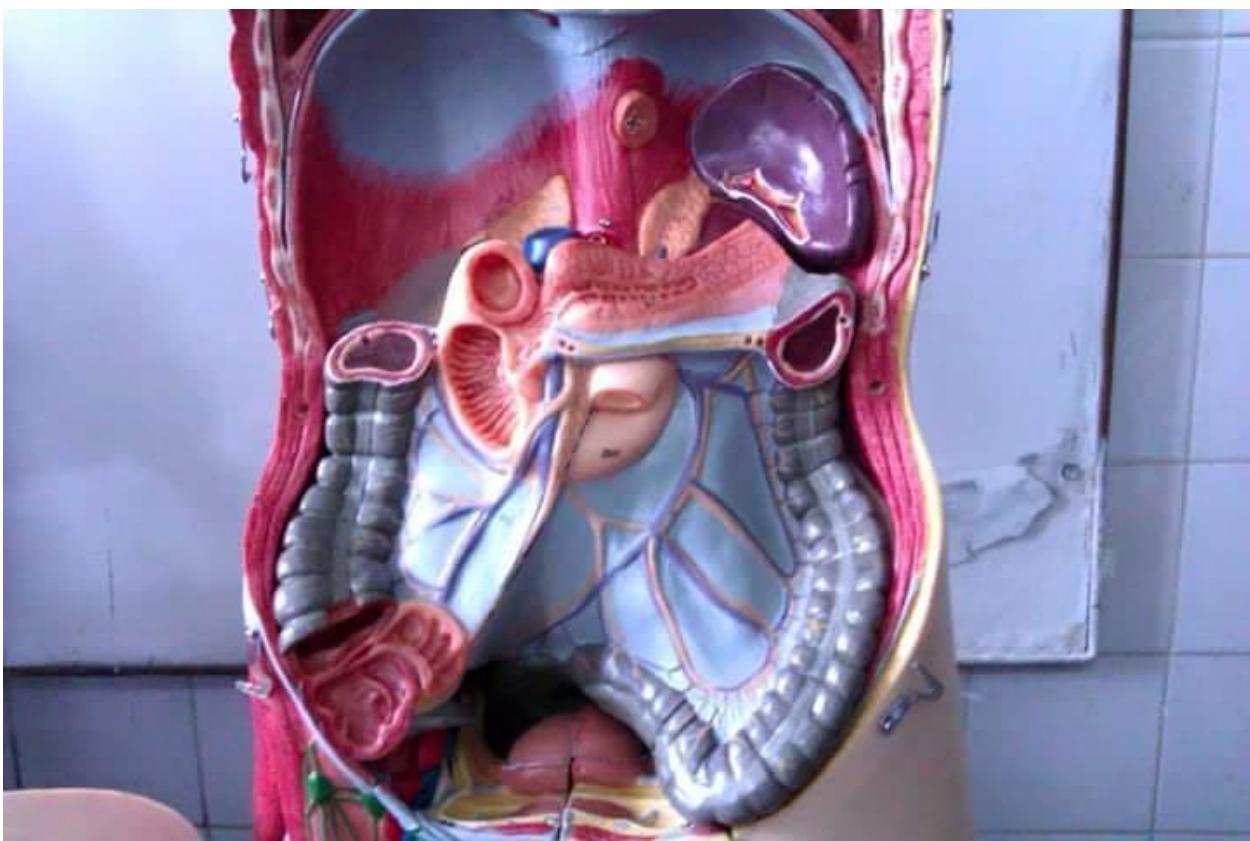


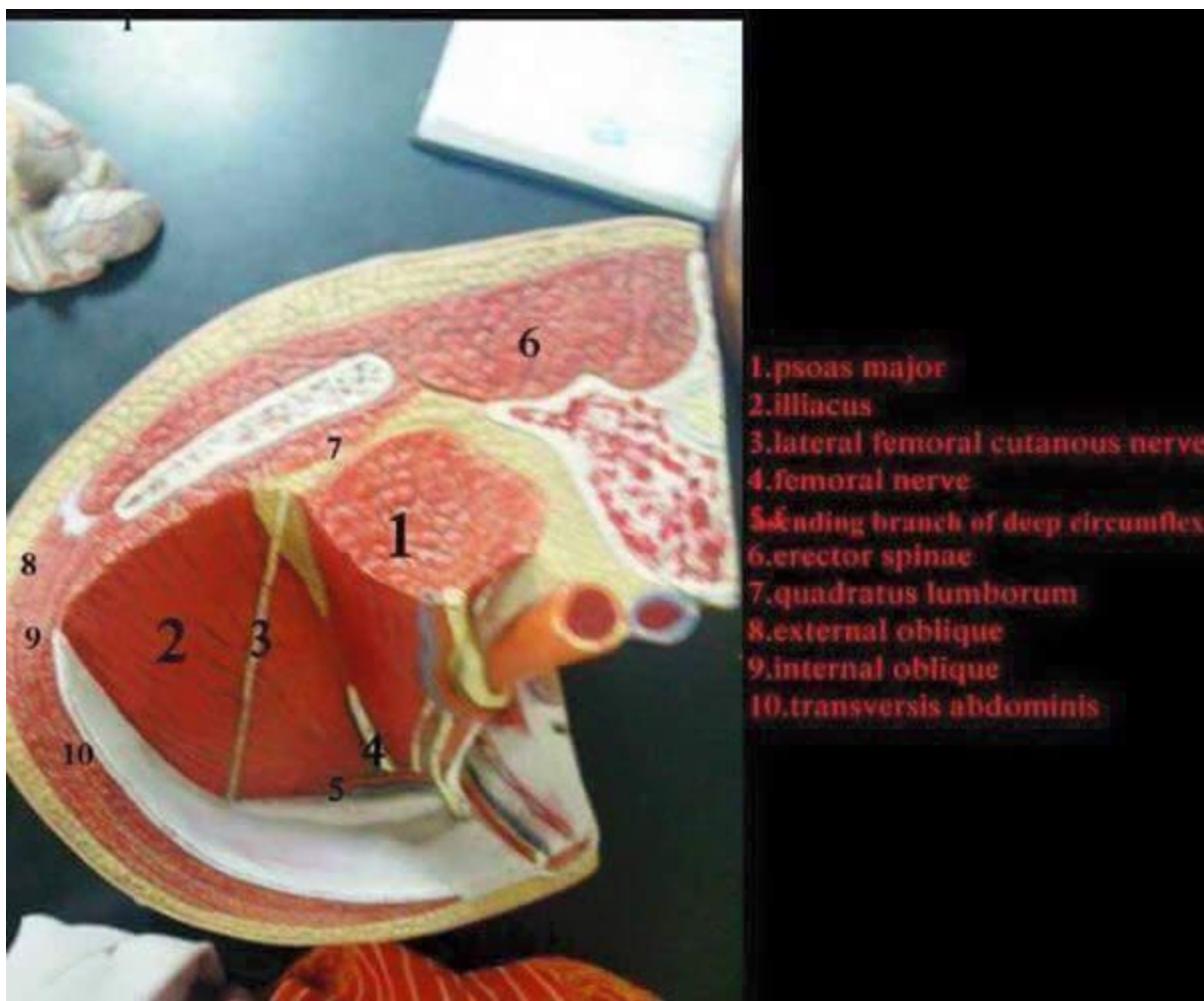
Onset of diarrhea
under - HP measured v

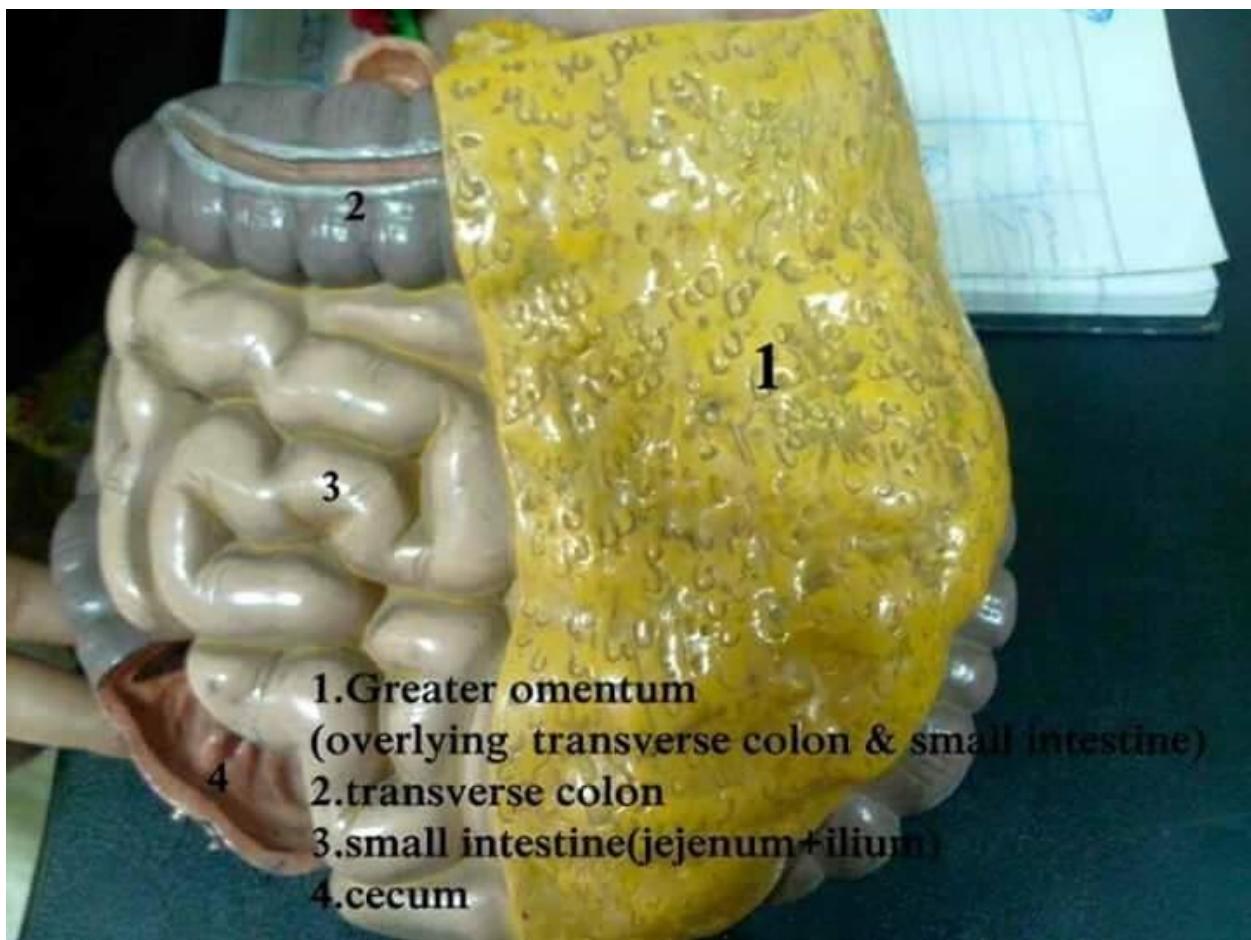




1.right renal vessels

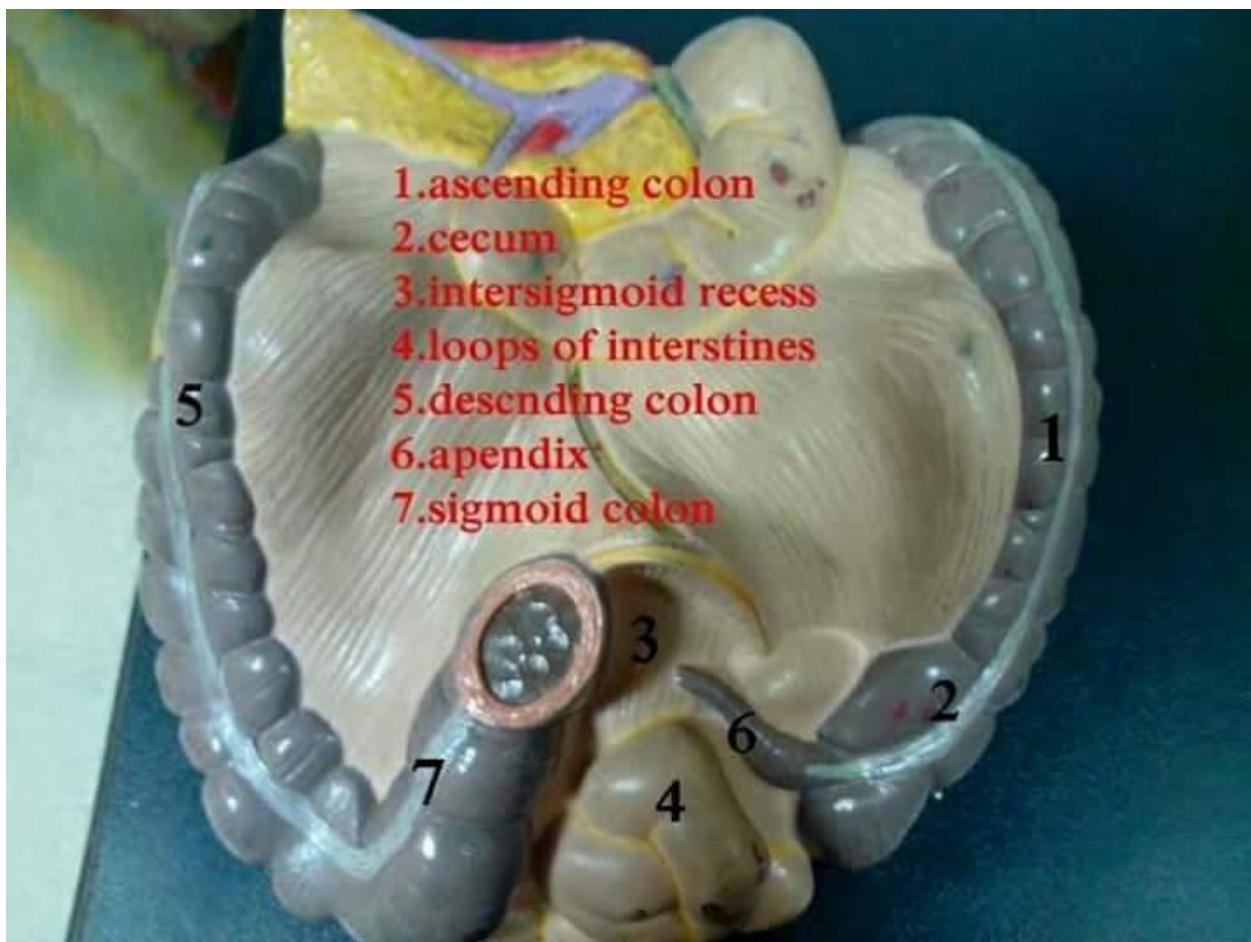


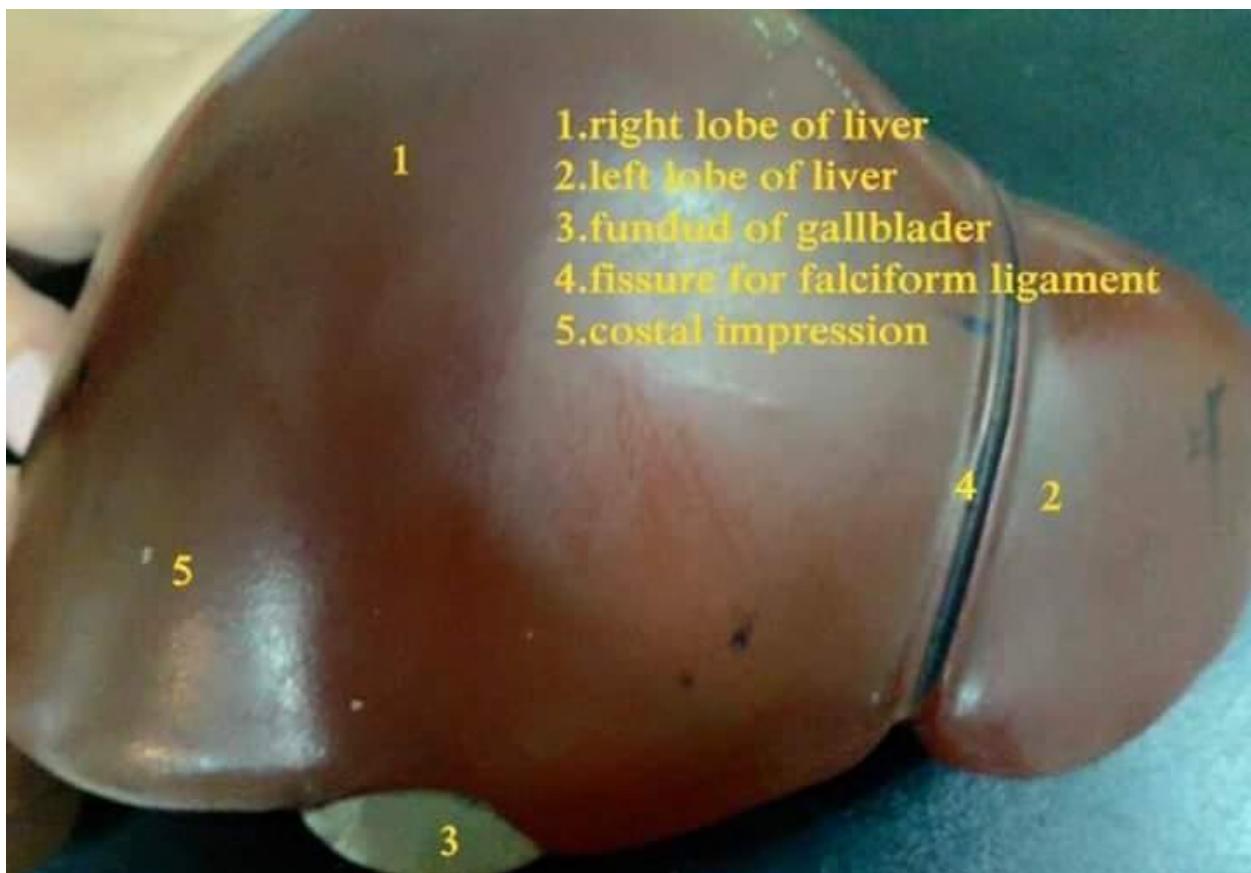




1. Greater omentum
(overlying transverse colon & small intestine)
2. transverse colon
3. small intestine(jejenum+ileum)
4. cecum

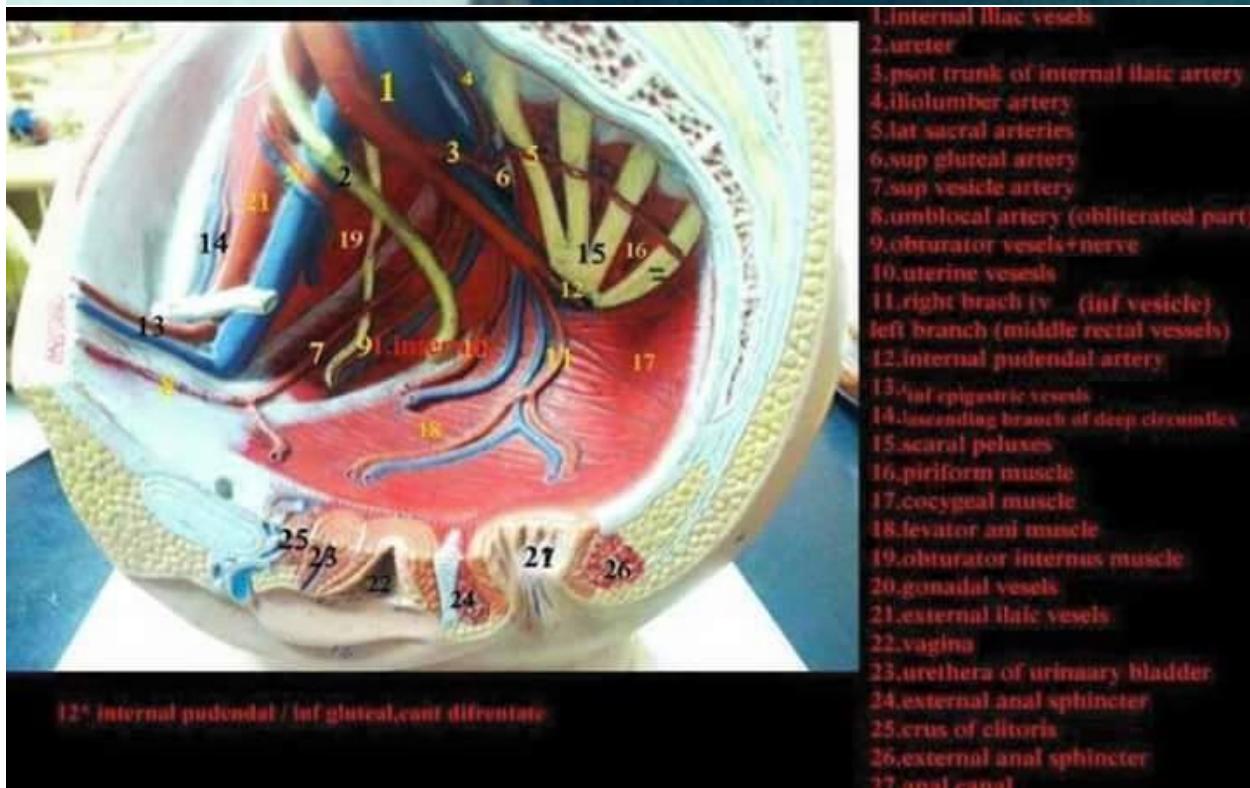
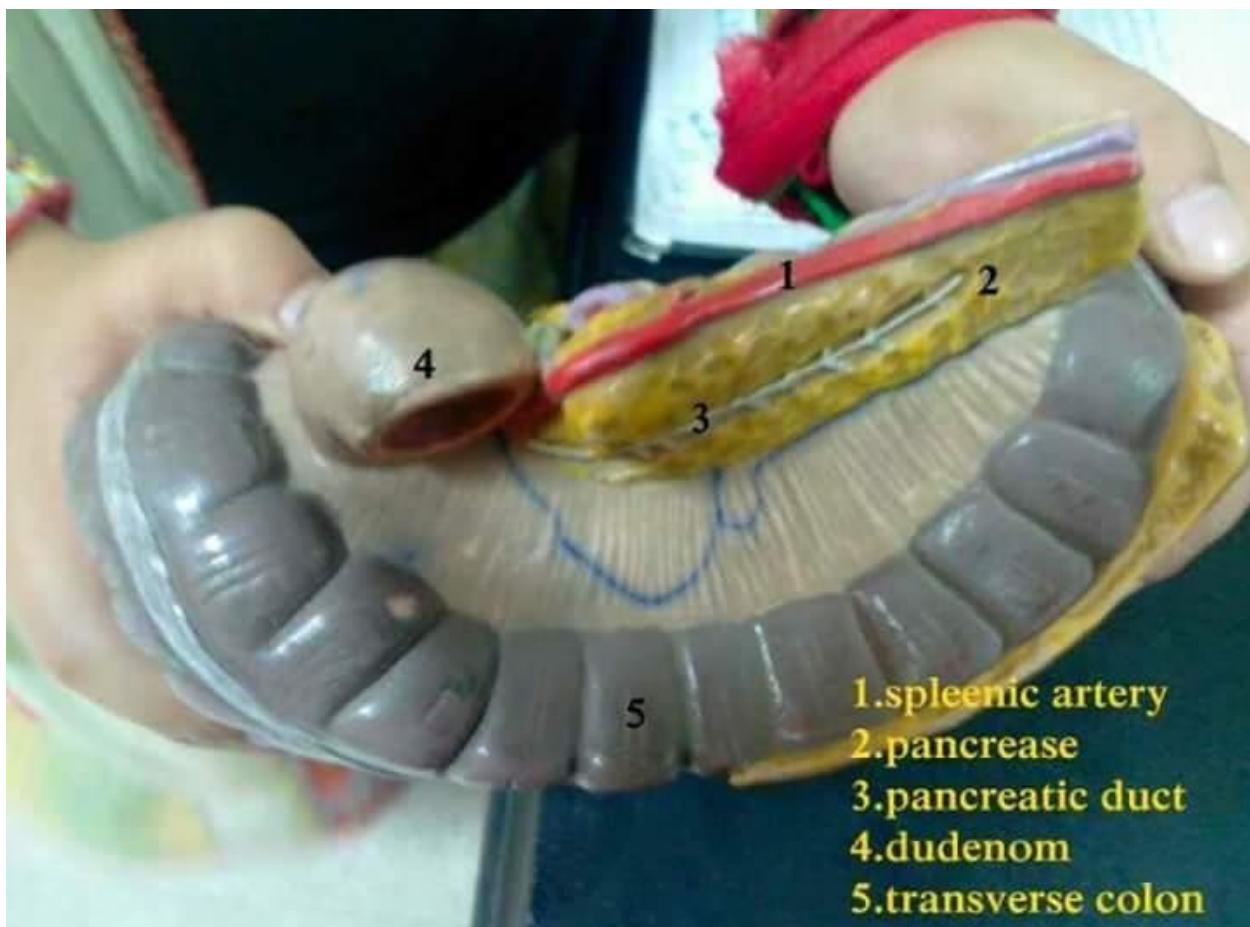


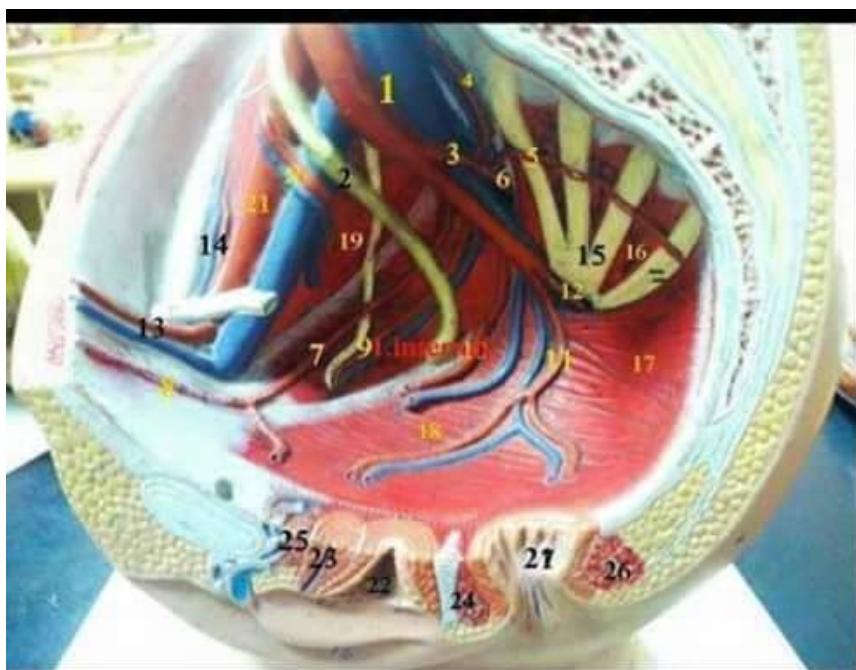




1. ligamentum teres (fissure)
2. ligamentum venosum (fissure)
3. gastric impression
4. esophageal impression
5. left lobe
6. quadrate lobe
7. caudate lobe
8. caudate process
9. colic impression
10. duodenal impression
11. renal impression
12. bare areae
13. inf vena cava
14. gall bladder
15. cystic duct
16. common hepatic duct
17. common bile duct
18. proper hepatic artery
19. hepatic portal vein

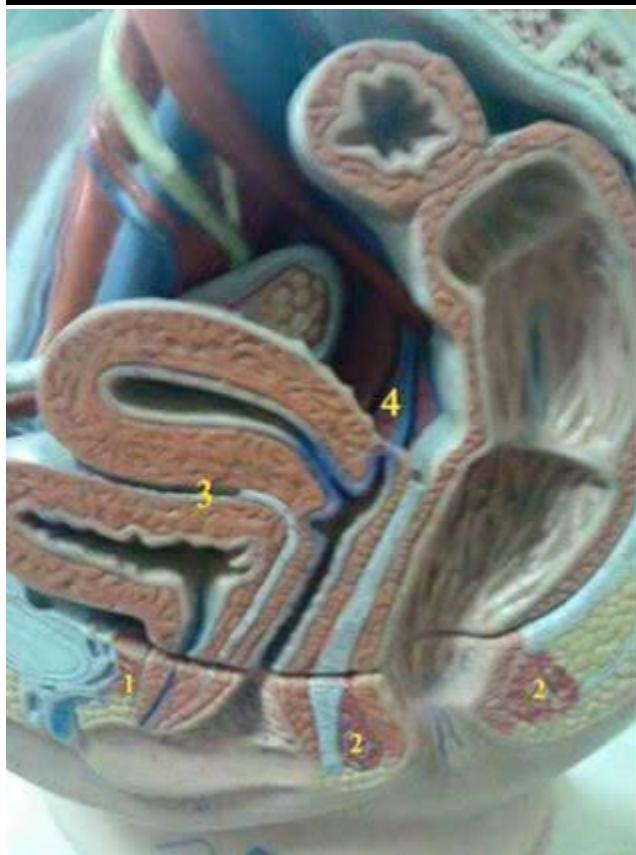






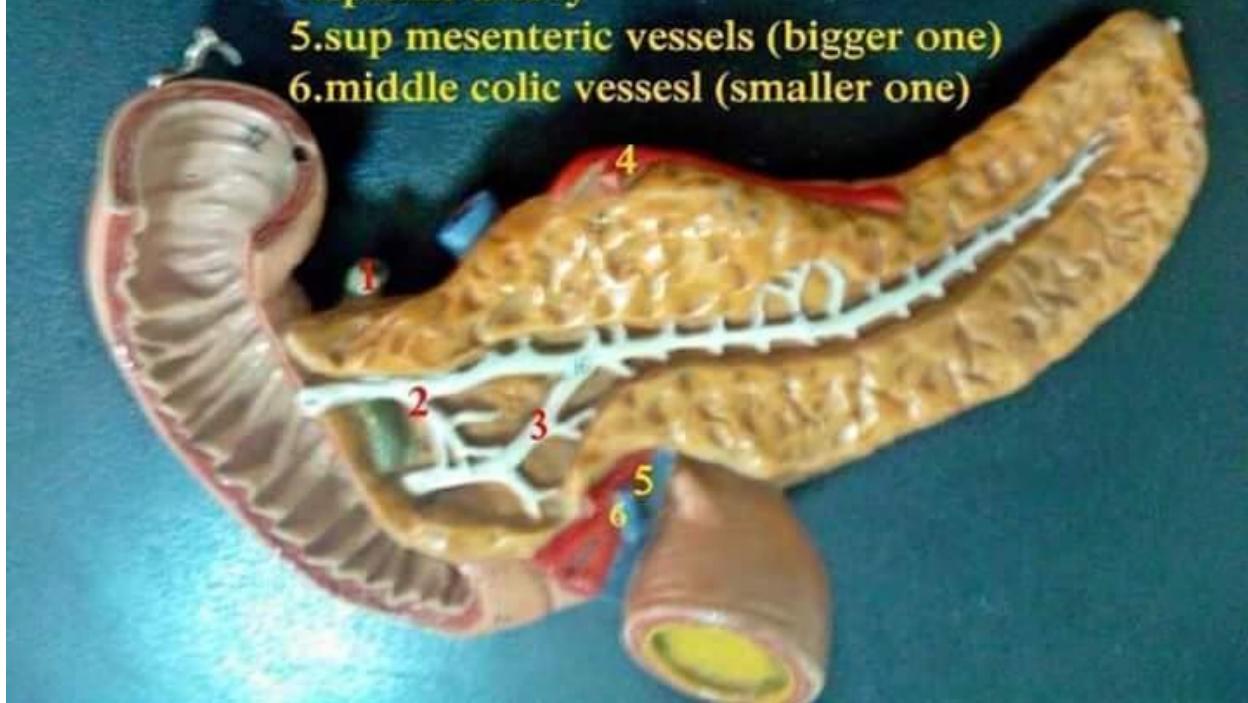
12. internal pudendal / inf gluteal, can't differentiate

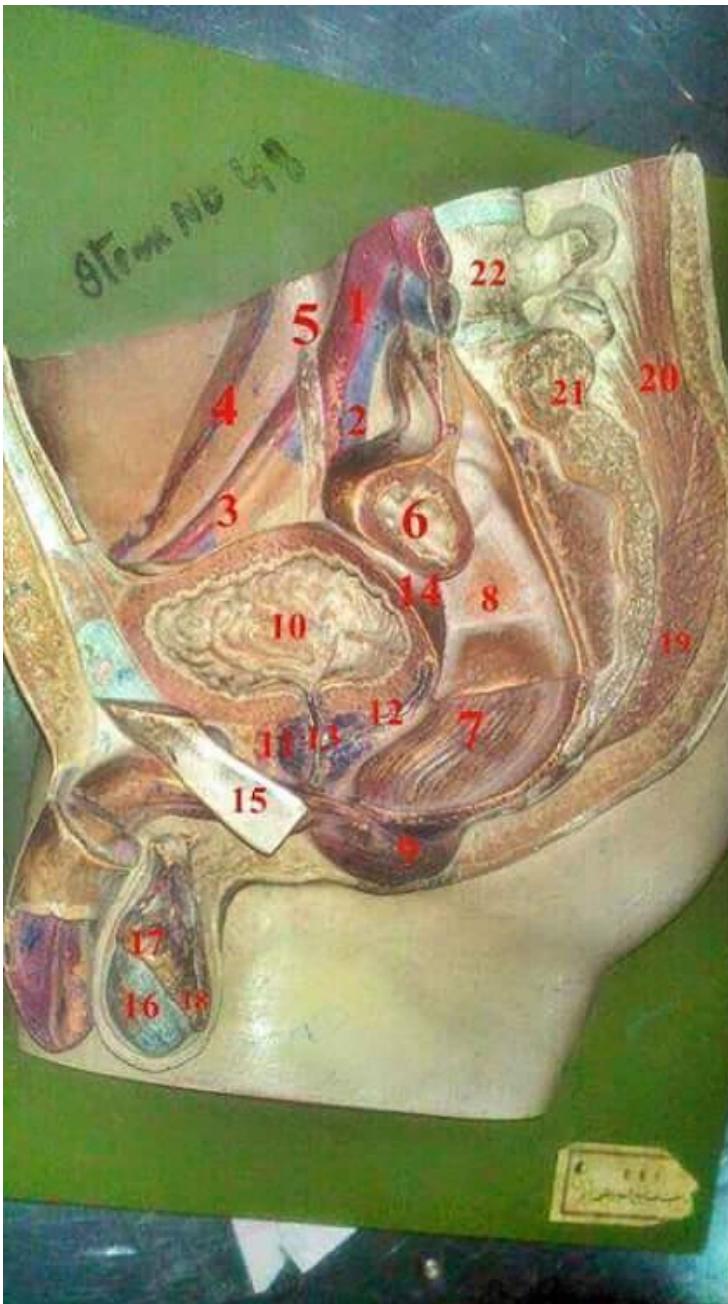
- 1.internal iliac veins
- 2.ureter
- 3.psoas trunk of internal iliac artery
- 4.iliolumbar artery
- 5.lat sacral arteries
- 6.sup gluteal artery
- 7.sup vesicle artery
- 8.umbilical artery (obliterated part)
- 9.obturator vessels+nerve
- 10.uterine vessels
- 11.right branch iv. (inf vesicle)
left branch (middle rectal vessels)
- 12.internal pudendal artery
- 13.inf epigastric vessels
- 14ascending branch of deep circumflex
- 15.sacral plexus
- 16.piriform muscle
- 17.coccygeal muscle
- 18.levator ani muscle
- 19.obturator internus muscle
- 20.gonadal vessels
- 21.external iliac vessels
- 22.vagina
- 23.urethra of urinary bladder
- 24.external anal sphincter
- 25.crus of clitoris
- 26.external anal sphincter
- 27.anal canal



- 1.crus of clitoris
- 2.external anal sphincter
- 3.vesicouterine pouch
- 4.rectouterine pouch

- 1.bile duct (common bile duct)
- 2.accessory pancreatic duct(of santorini)
- 3.pancreatic duct(of wirsung)
- 4.splenic artery
- 5.sup mesenteric vessels (bigger one)
- 6.middle colic vessesl (smaller one)



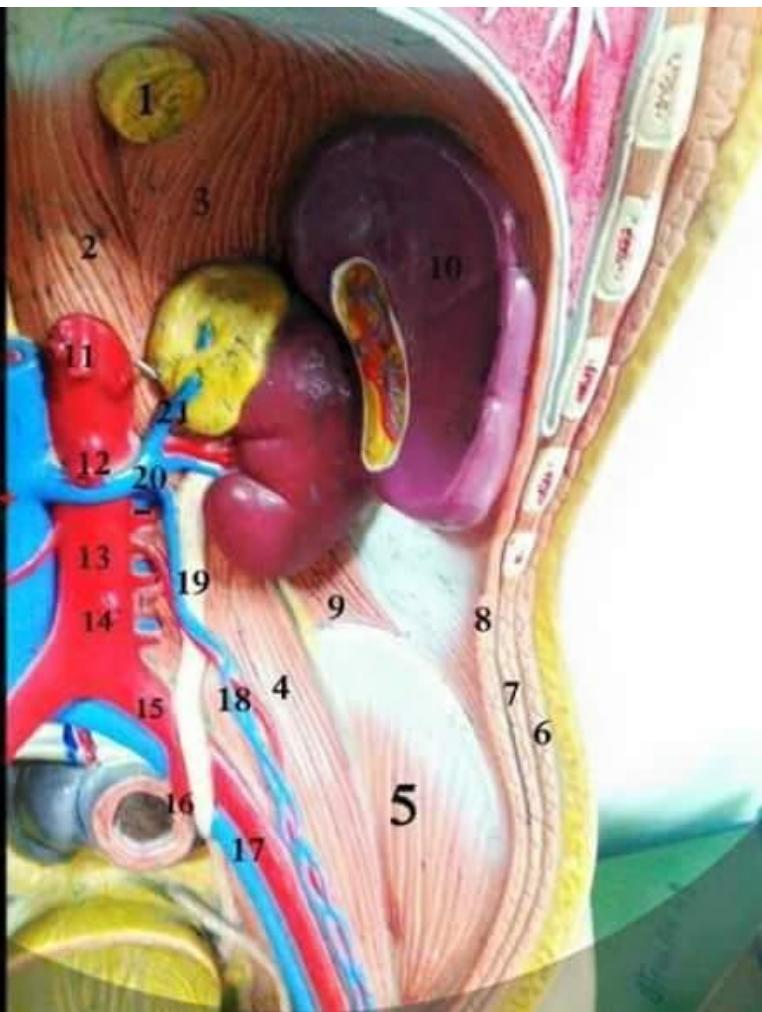


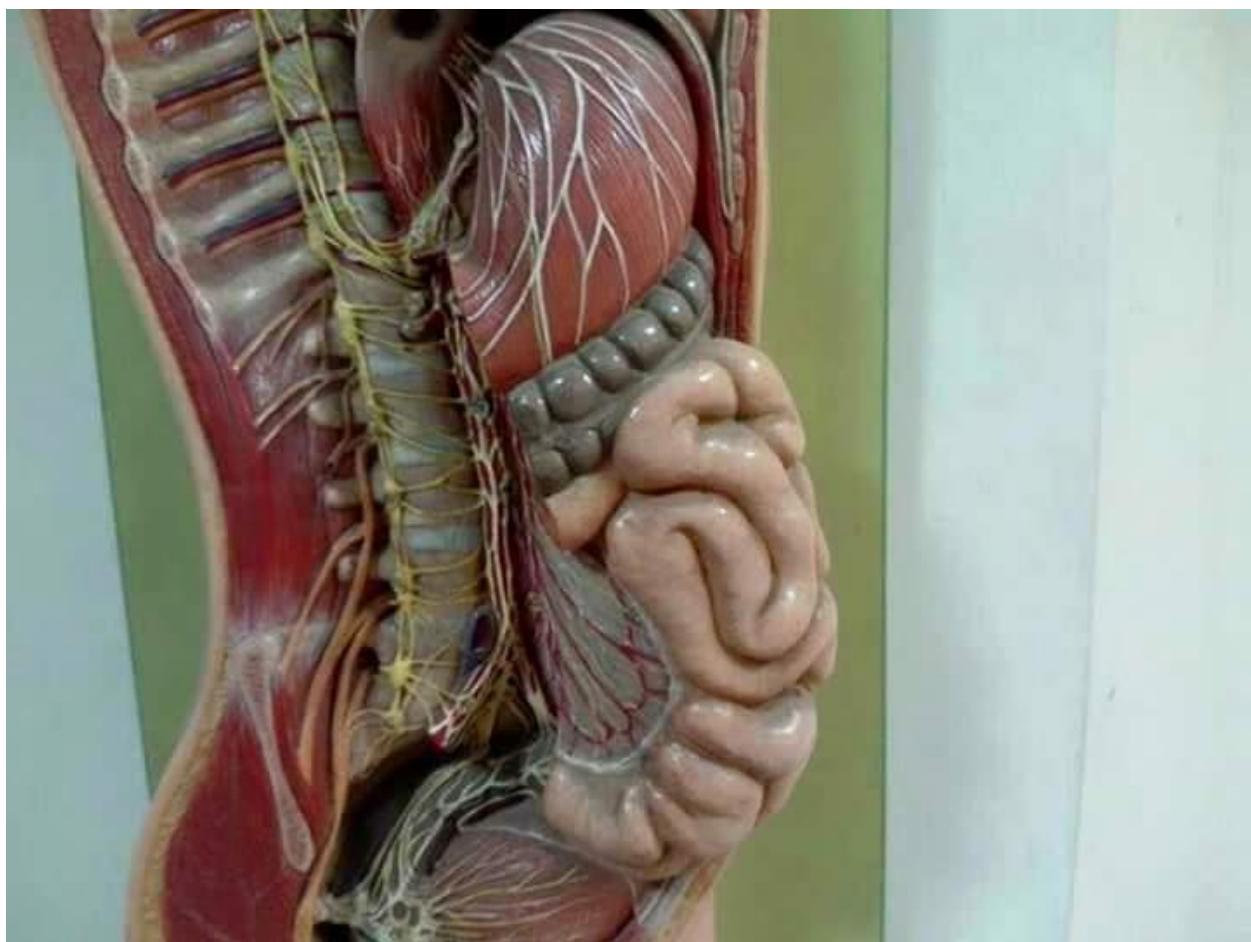
- 1.common illiac vesesls
- 2.internal iliac vesesls
- 3.external iliac vesels
- 4.gonadal vesels
- 5.ureter
- 6.sigmoid colon
- 7.rectum
- 8.preitonium covering upper part of rectum
- 9.external anal sphincter
- 10.urinary bladder
- 11.prostate
- 12.seminal vesicle
- 13.prostatic urethra
- 14.rectovesicle pouch
- 15.ischiopubic ramus
- 16.testis
- 17.head of epidydimis
- 18.tail of epidydimis
- 19.gluteus maximus
- 20.erector spinae
- 21.sacral promontary
- 22.lumbar verterae L5

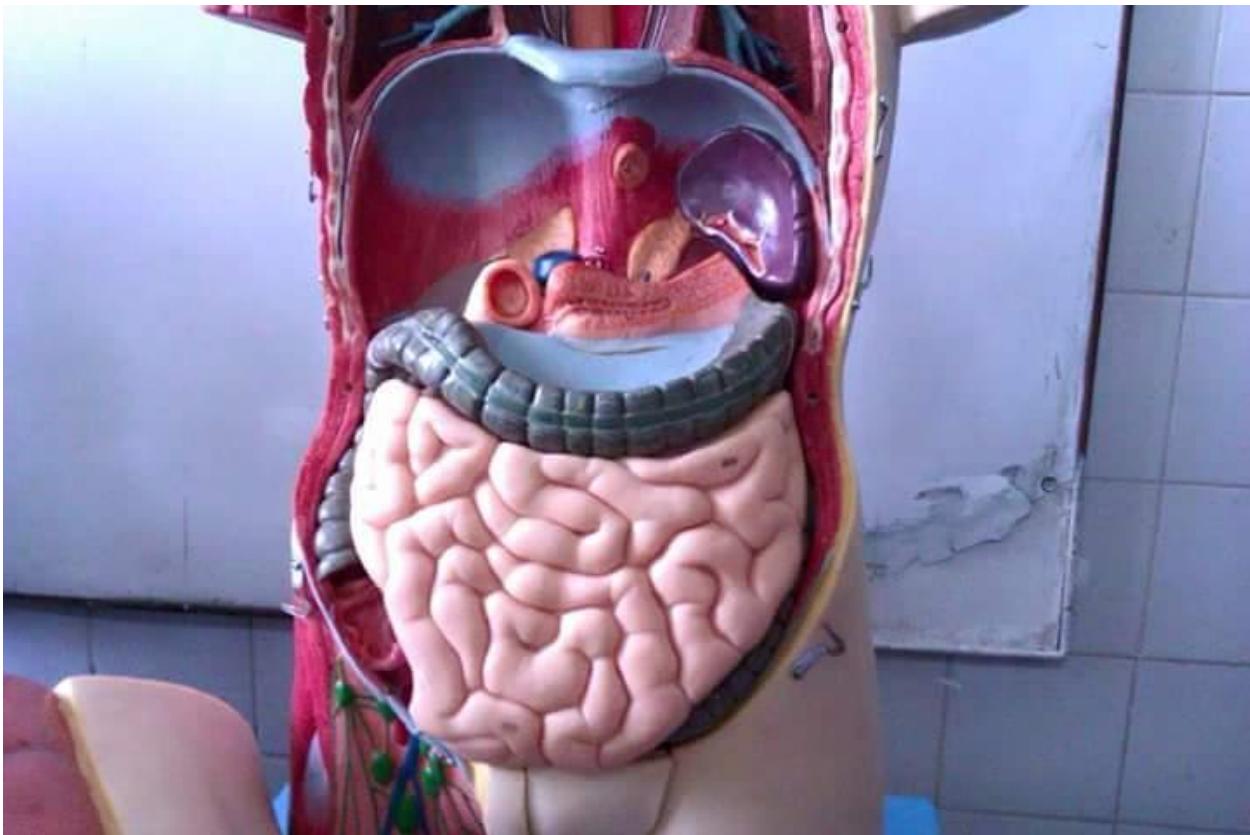


1. Iliolumbar ligament
2. ant sacroliliac ligament
3. ant longitudinal ligament
4. sacrospinous ligament
5. sacrotuberous ligament

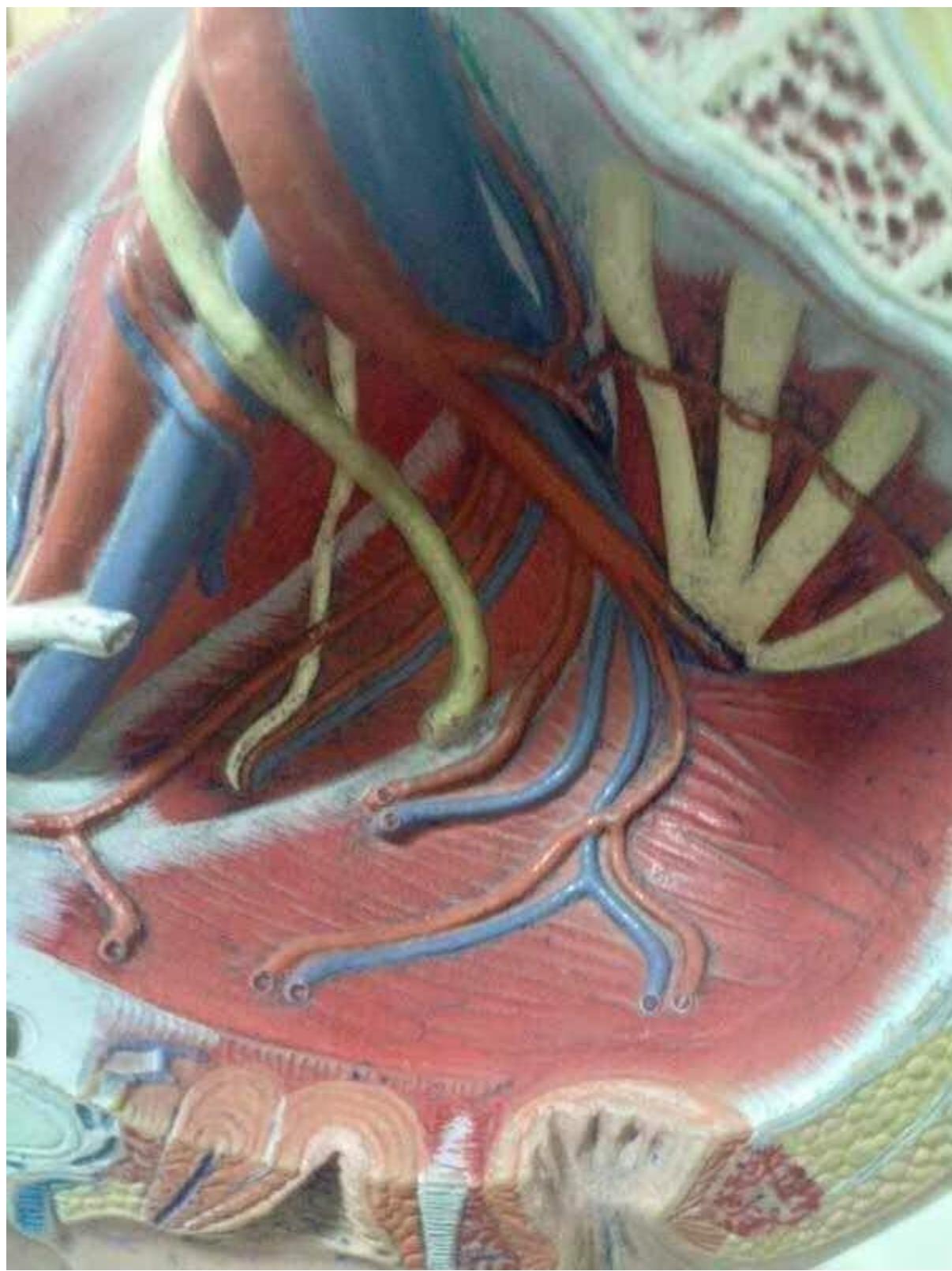
- 1.esophagus+vagal trunks
- 2.right crus of diaphragm
- 3.left crus of diaphragm
- 4.psoas major
- 5.iliacus
- 6.external oblique
- 7.internal oblique
- 8.transverse abdominis
- 9.quadratus lumborum
- 10.spleen
- 11.celiac trunk(comon hepatic+gastric+splenic arteries)
- 12.sup mesenterica artery
- 13.abdominal aorta
- 14.inf mesenteric
- 15.comon iliac
- 16.internal iliac
- 17.external iliac
- 18.gonadal vessels
- 19.ureter
- 20.left renal vein
- 21.left suprarenal vein







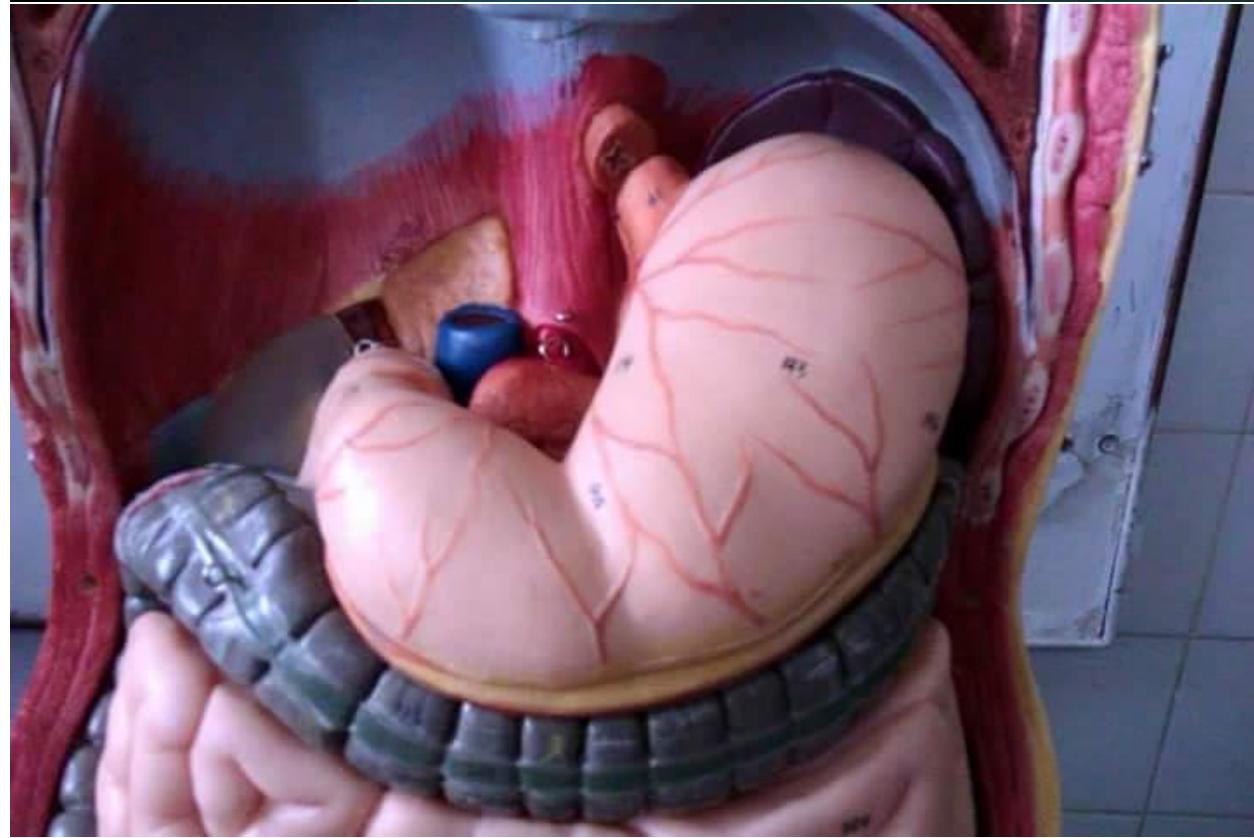
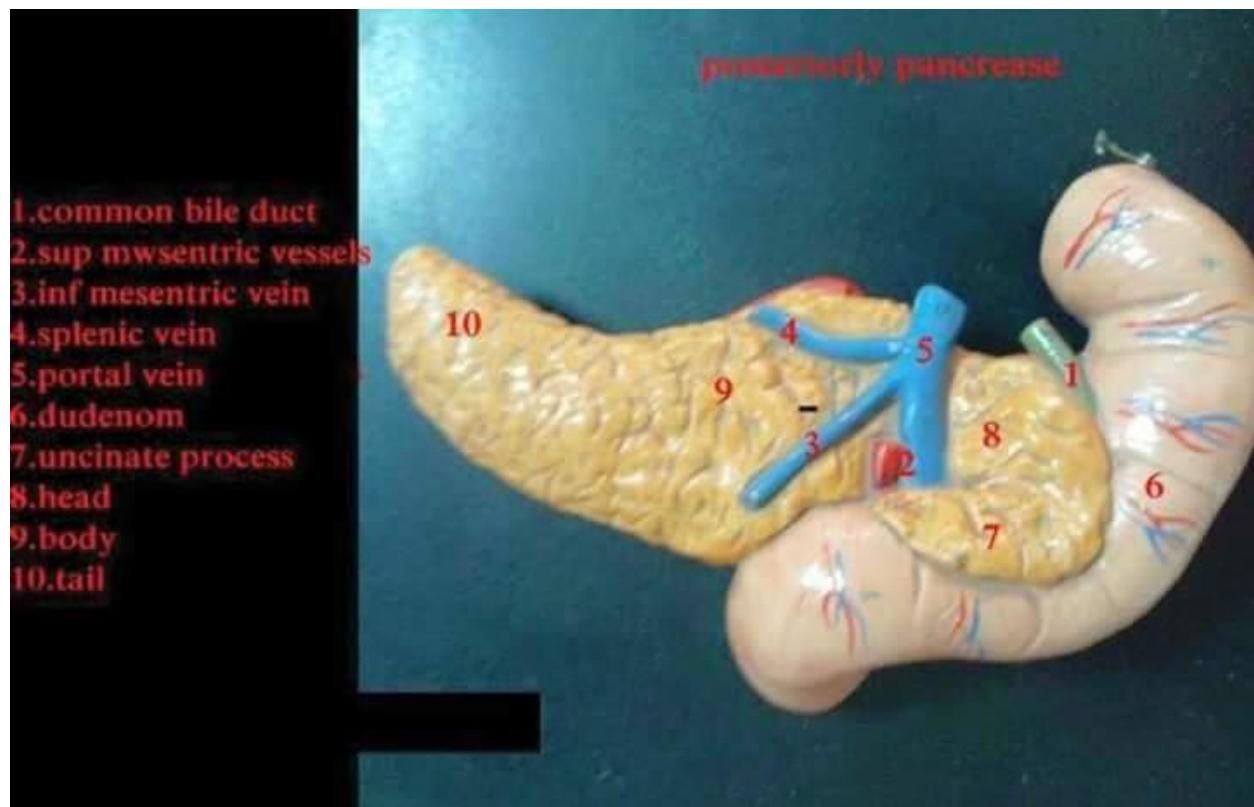
- 1.rectum
- 2.body of uterus
- 3.urinary bladder
- 4.vagina
- 5.ant fornx of vagina
- 6.post fornx of vagina
- 7.cervix of utrus
- 8.urthera of urinary bladder
- 9.sigmoid colon





1. Iliolumbar ligament
2. ant sacroliliac ligament
3. ant longitudinal ligament
4. sacrospinous ligament
5. sacrotuberous ligament







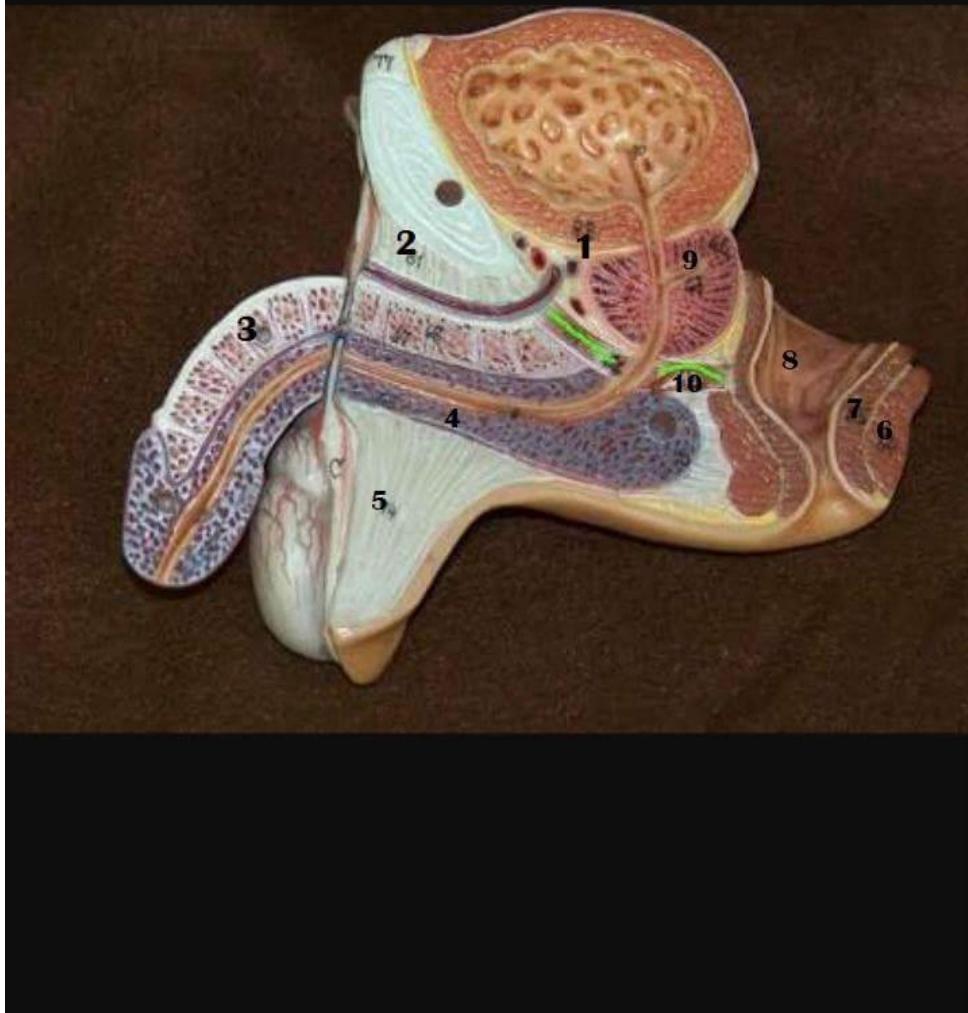


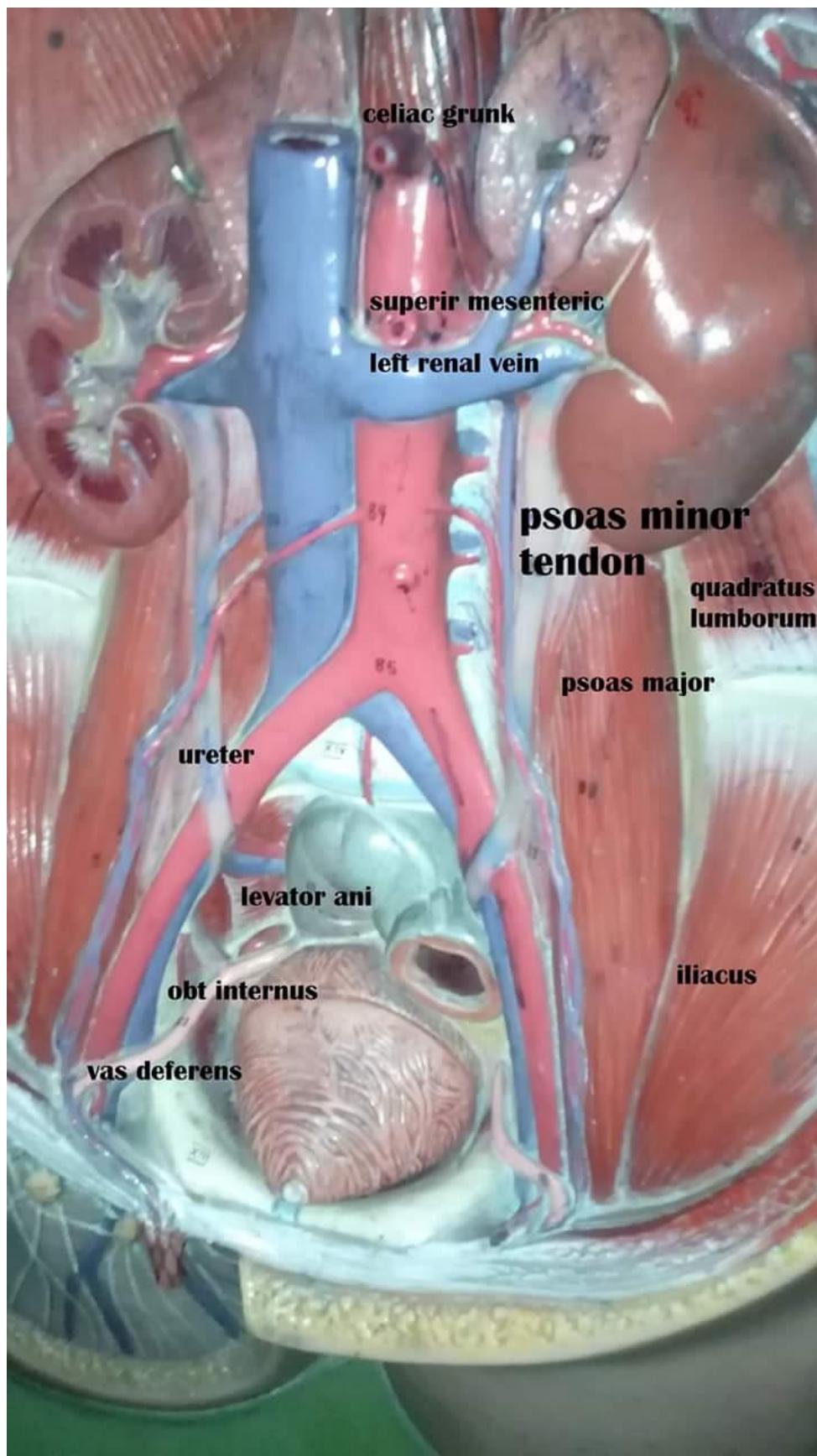
3G G 85% 11:53 PM



urogenital embryo models - Google

- 1=detrusor muscle
- 2=suspensory ligament of penis
- 3=corpus cavernosum
- 4=corpus spongiosum
- 5=scrotal septum
- 6=ext anal sphincter
- 7=int anal sphincter
- 8=anal canal
- 9=prostate
- 10=deep perineal pouch





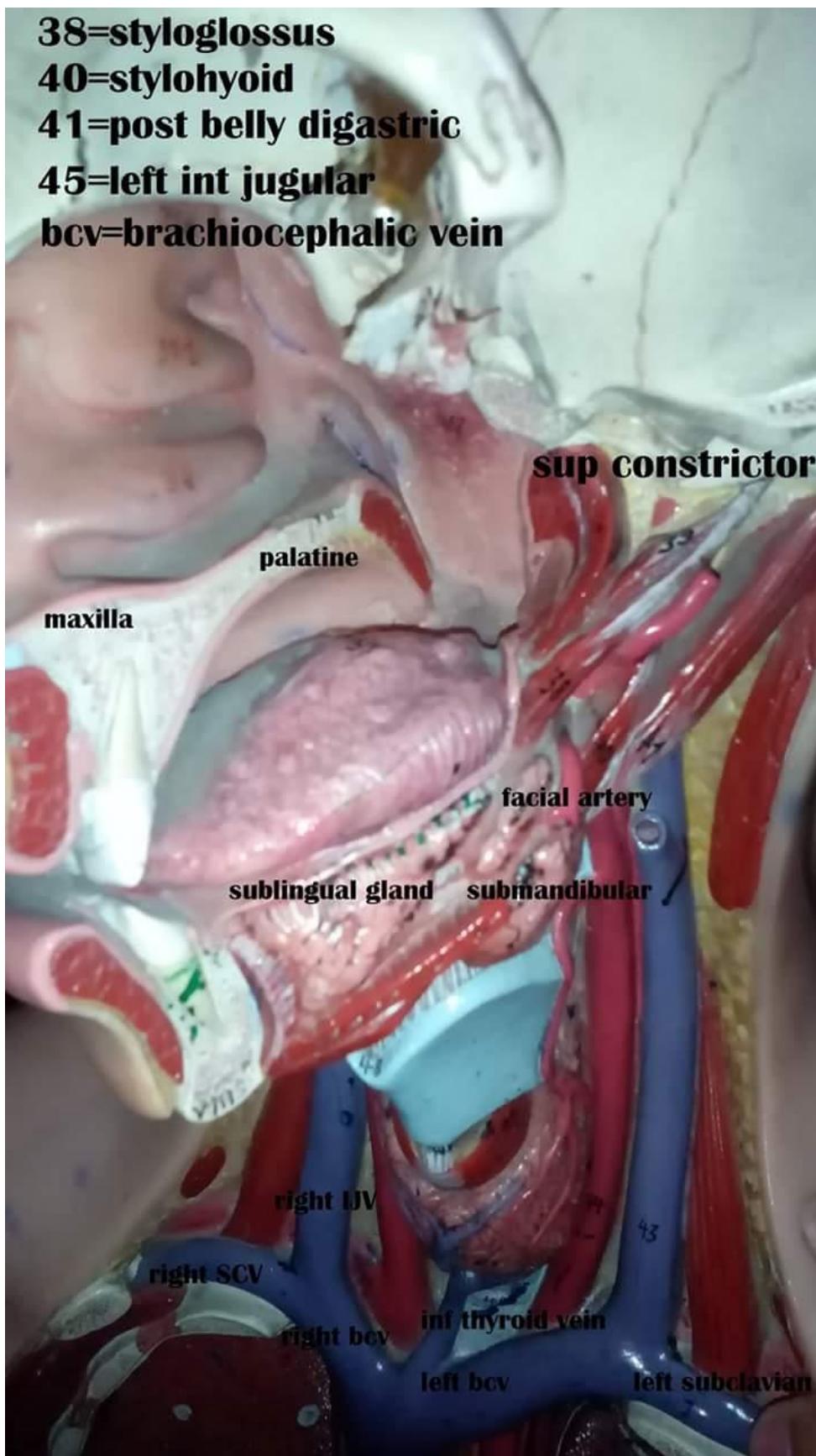
38=styloglossus

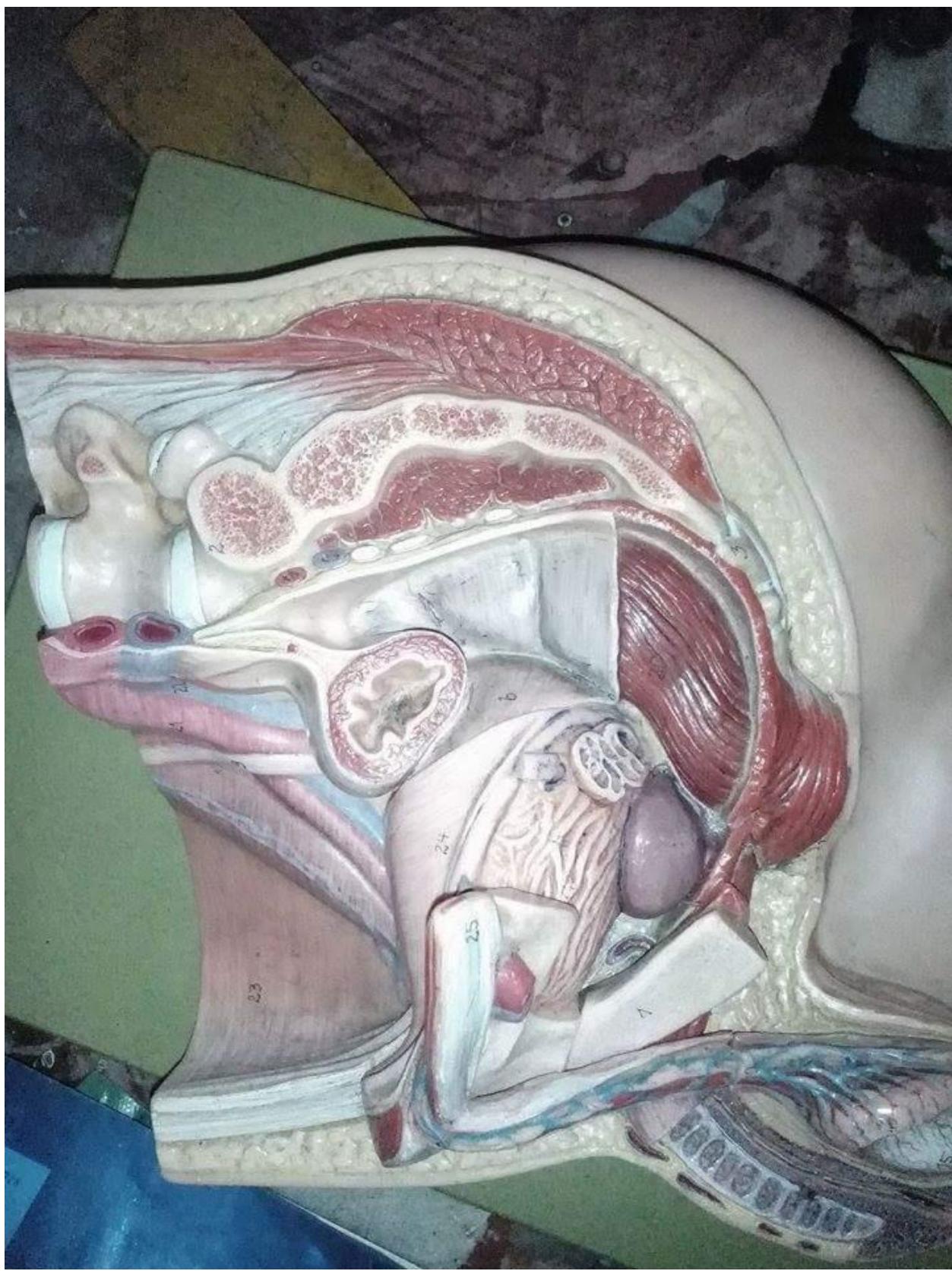
40=stylohyoid

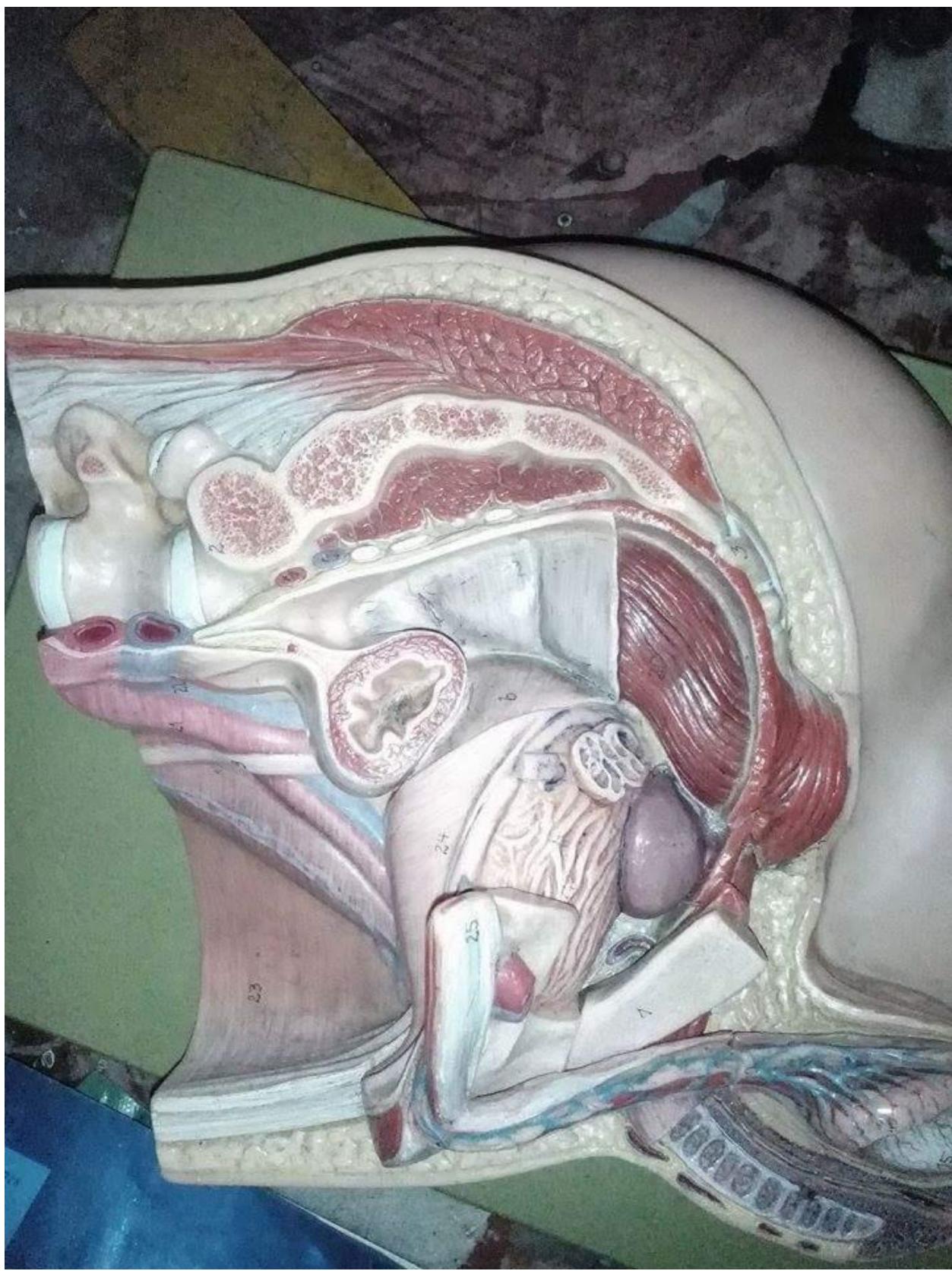
41=post belly digastric

45=left int jugular

bcv=brachiocephalic vein



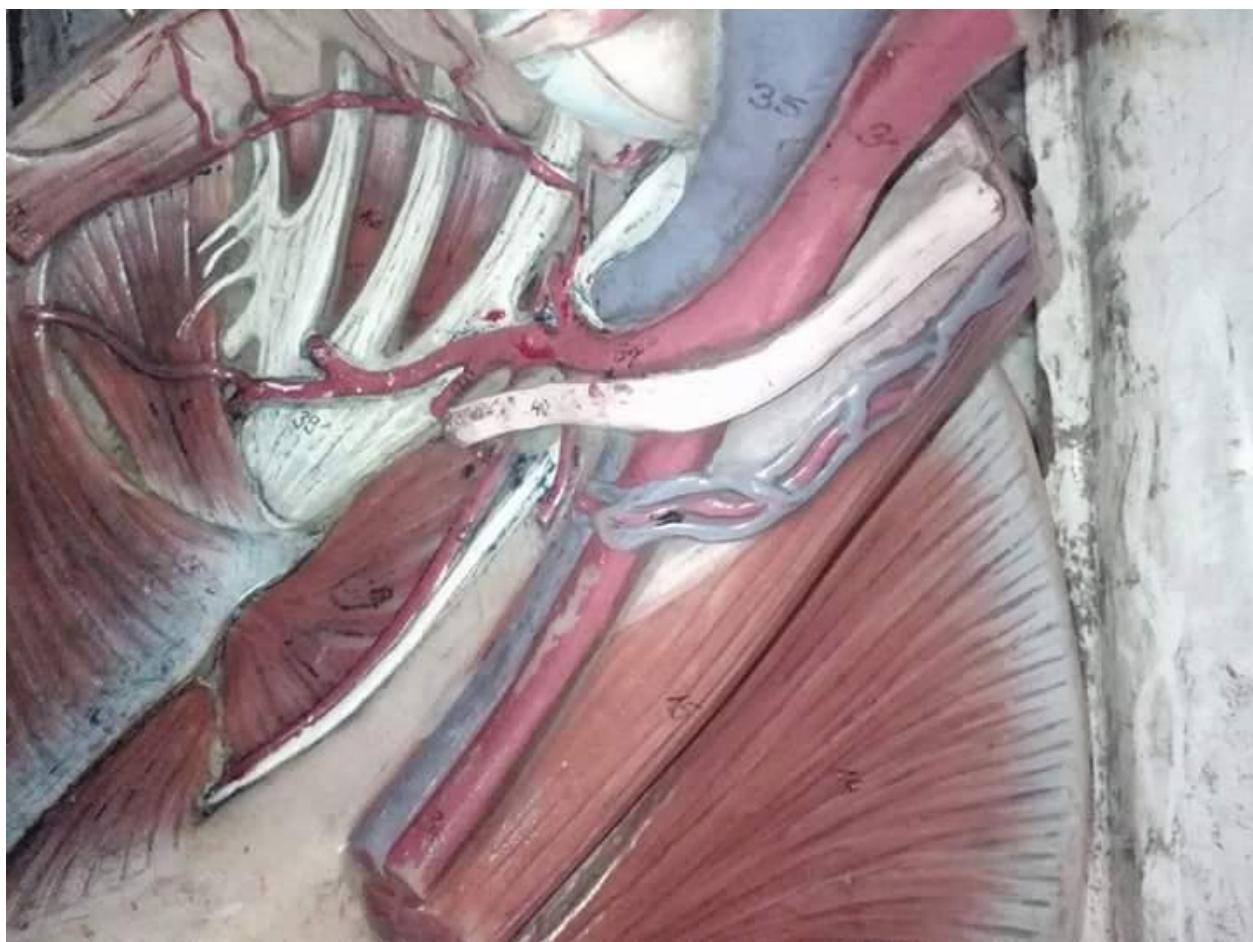










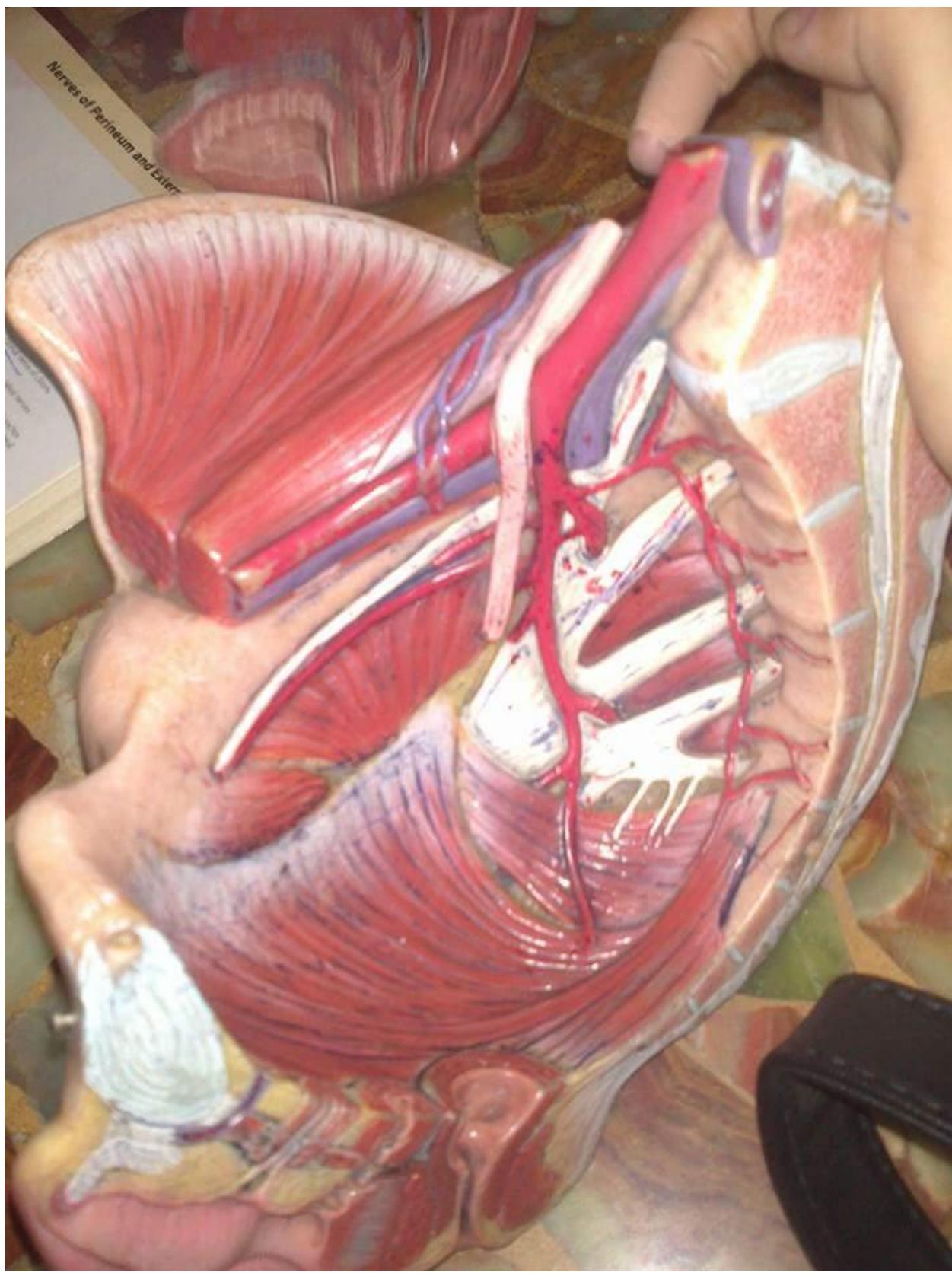






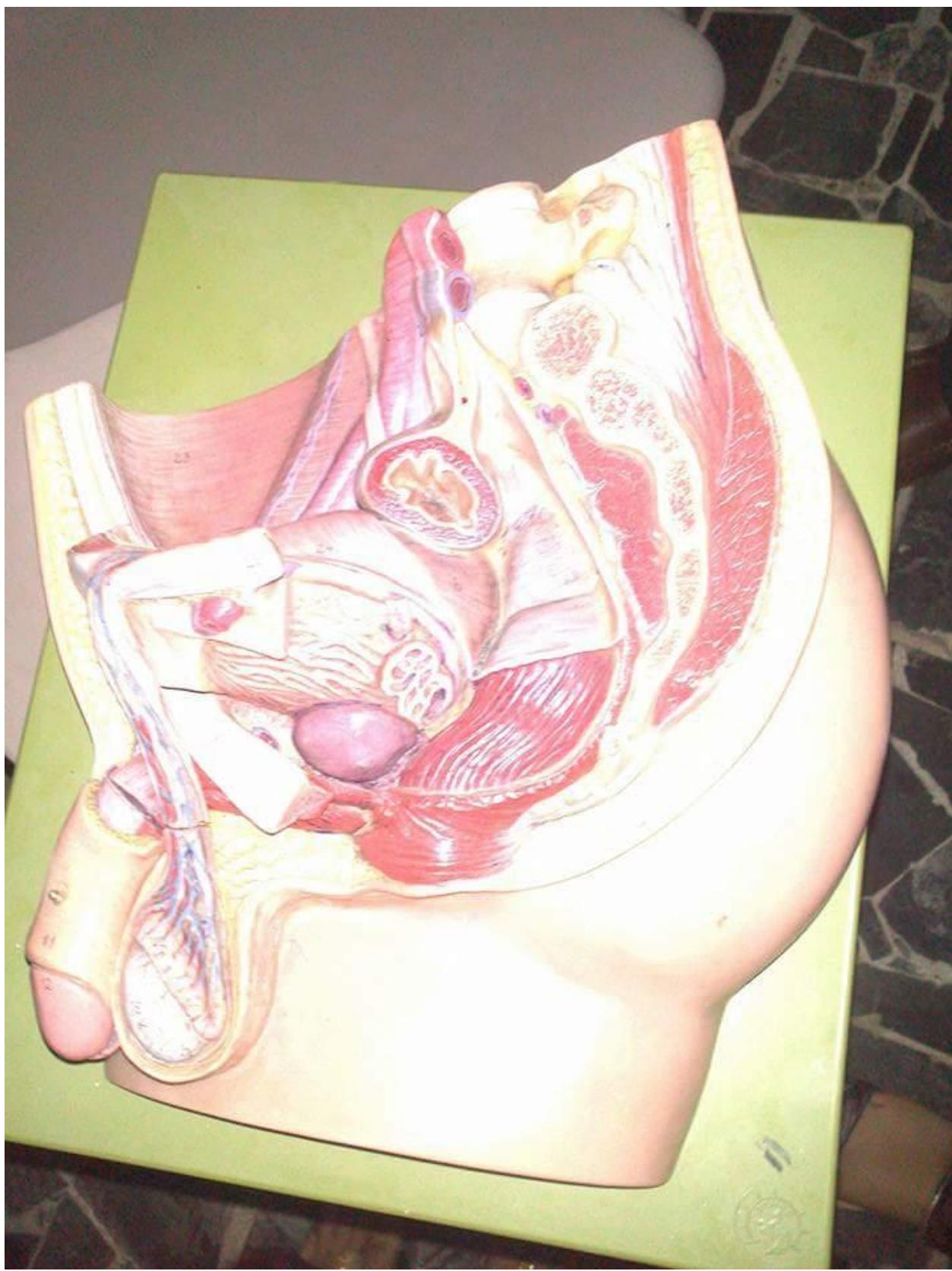




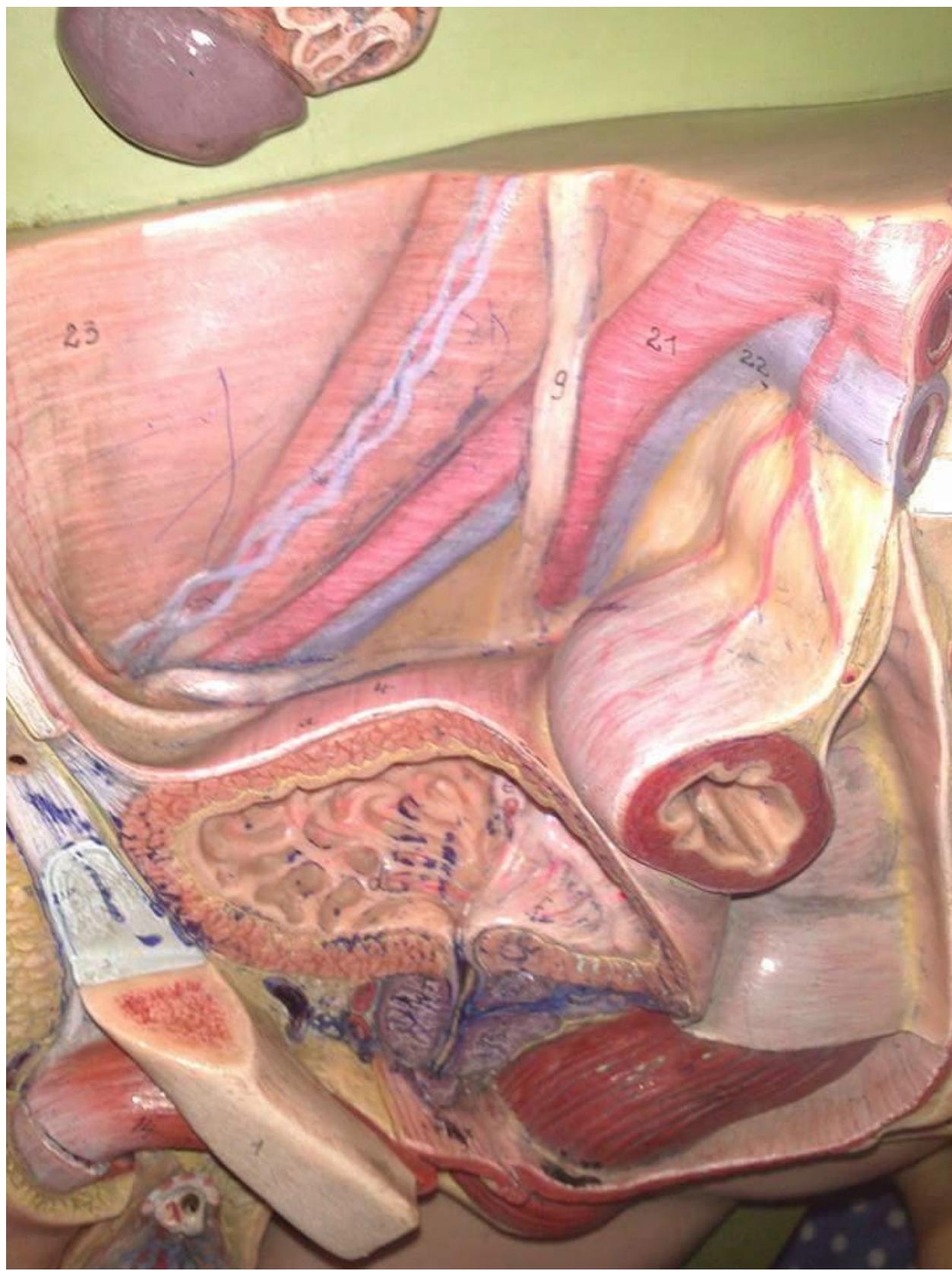


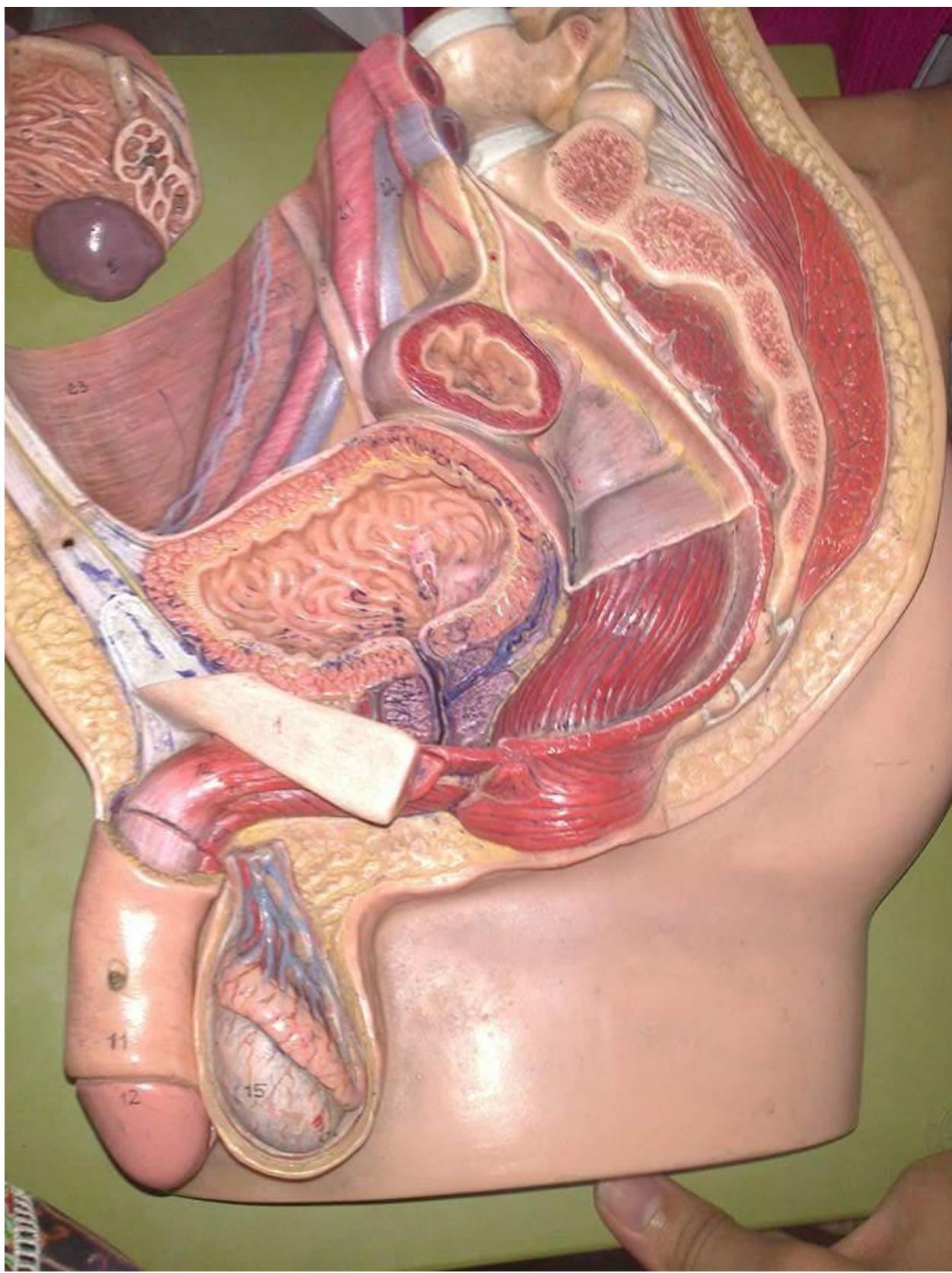


















(b) Intermediate

(c) Appendicular

Fig. 20.13: Different forms of the cecum.



Ascending colon
Left anterior transverse

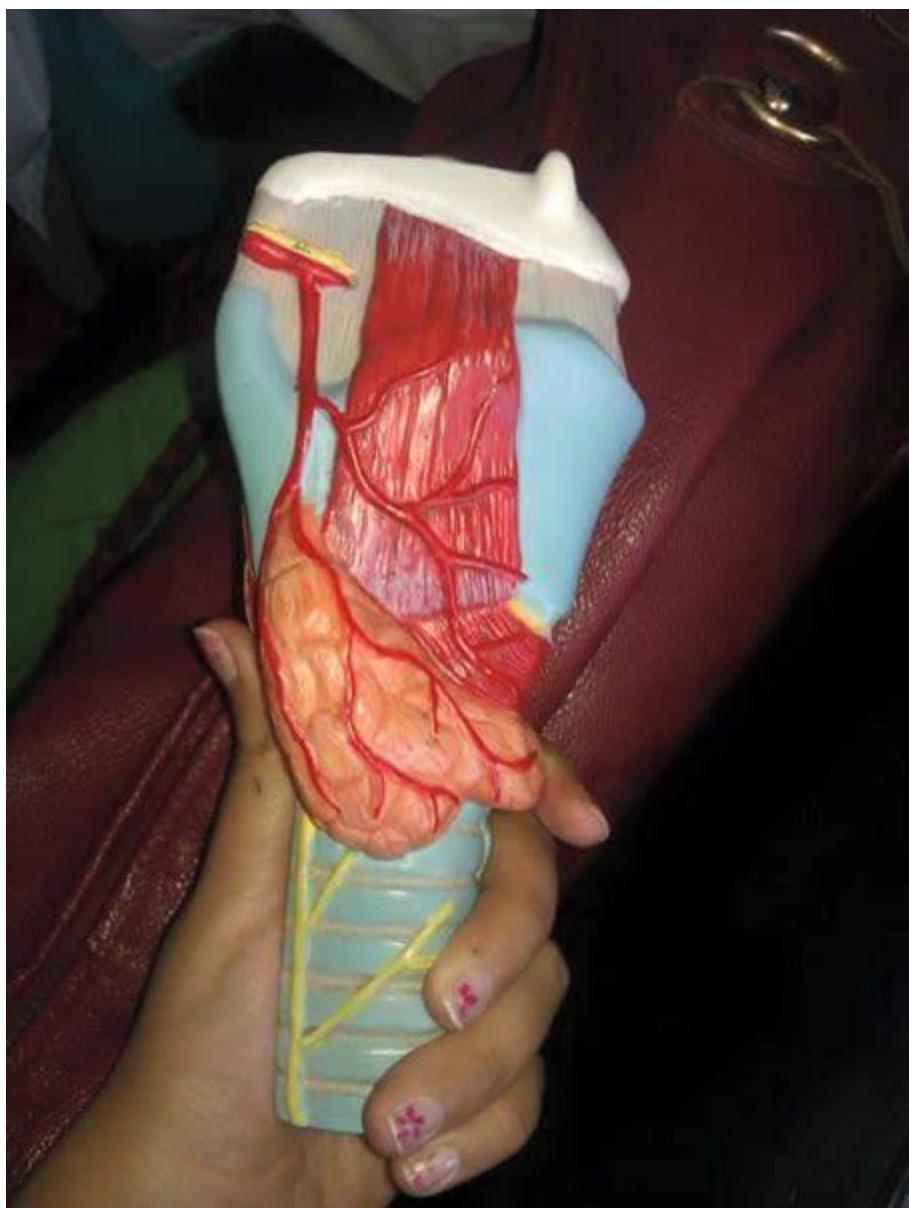
Positions

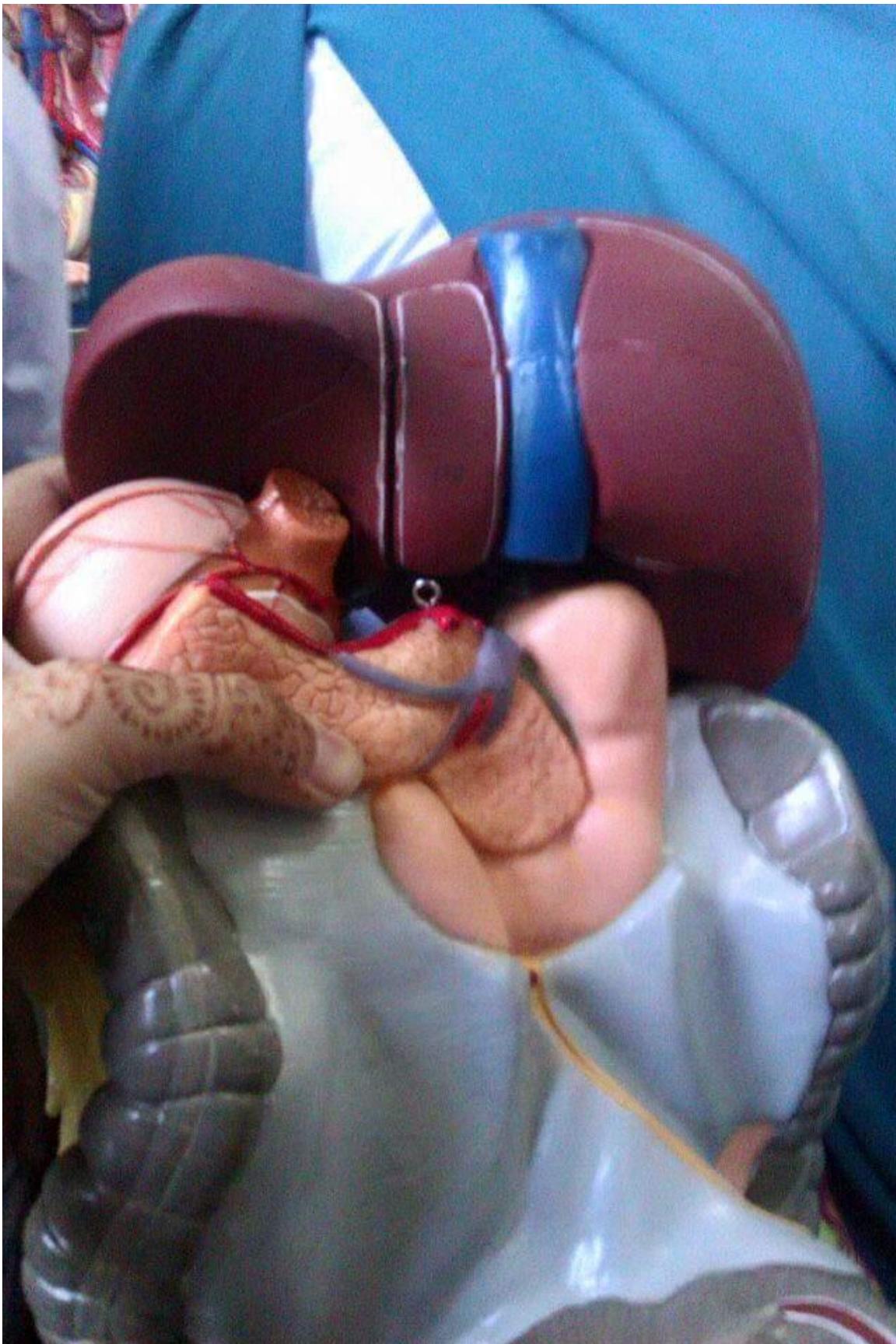
The appendix lies in the base of the...

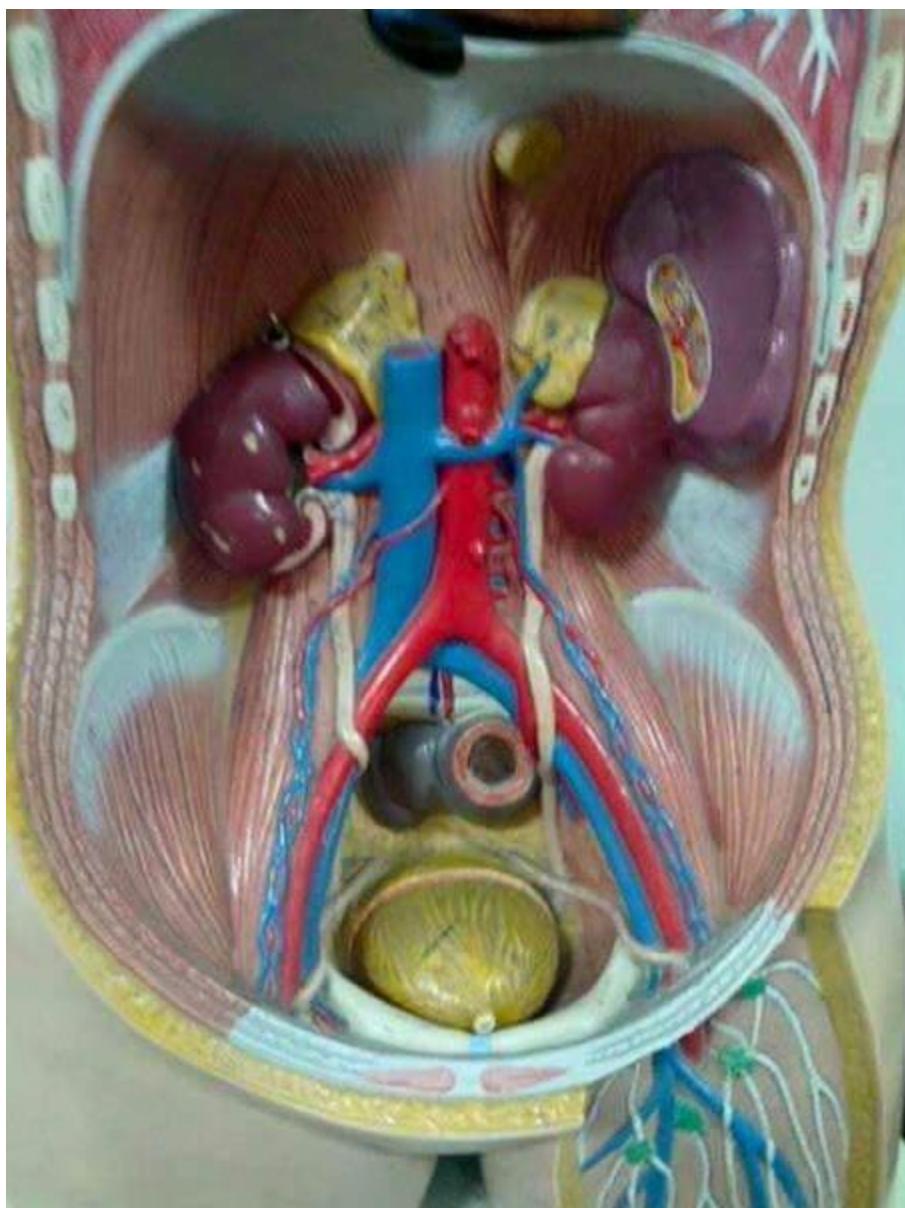


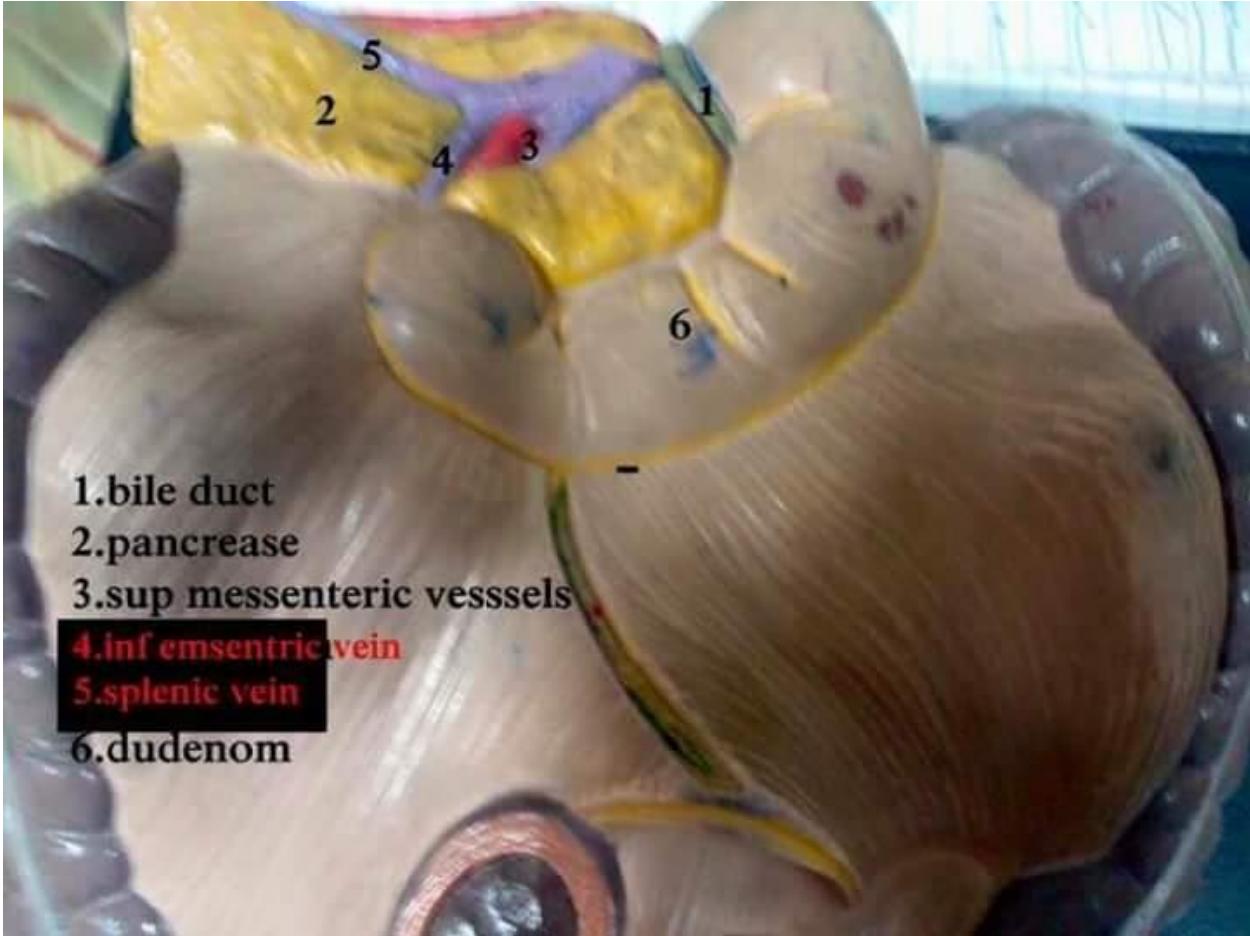
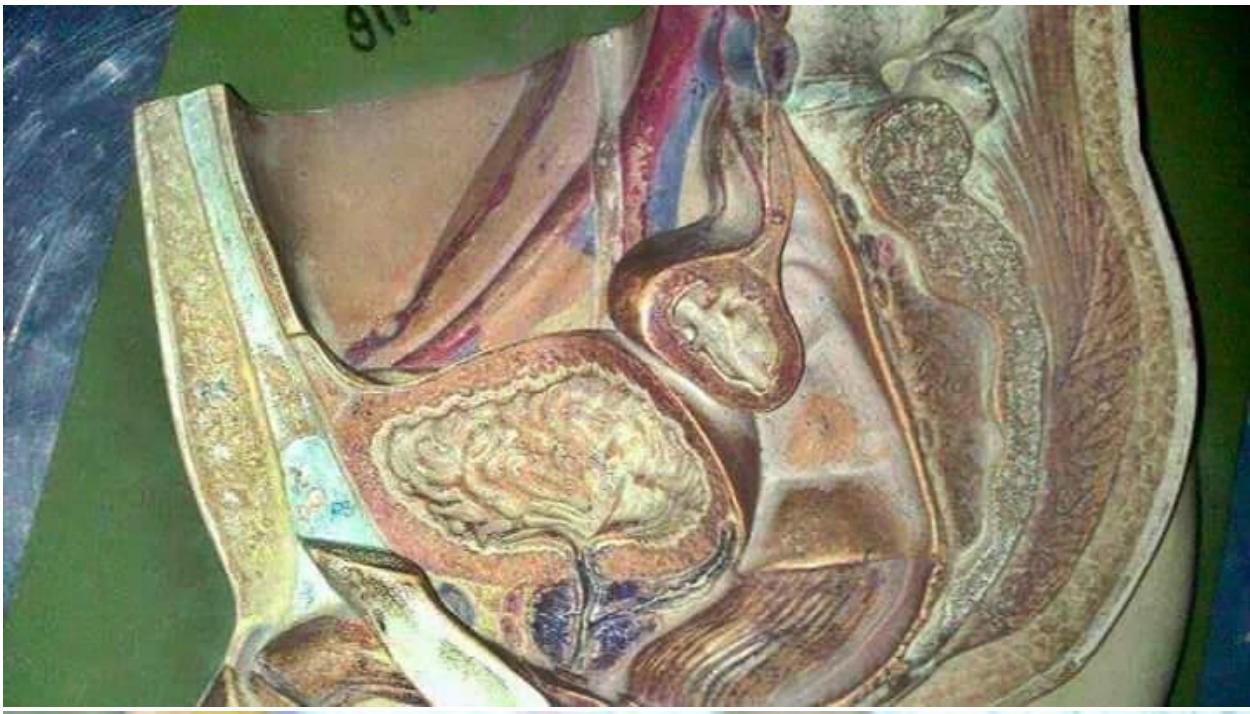
1

1.greater omentum









- 1.bile duct
- 2.pancrease
- 3.sup messenteric vesssels
- 4.inf emsenteric vein
- 5.splenic vein
- 6.dudenom

- 1.upper pole
- 2.lateral border
- 3.lower pole
- 4.hilum
- 5.medial border

